

CHINA



MAIL.

Established February, 1845,

With which is incorporated The "Hongkong Evening Mail and Shipping List." Published every Evening.

VOL. XXXV. No. 4936. 號三月五年九十七百八千一英 HONGKONG, SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1879. 日三十月三閏年卯己 PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON:—F. ALLEN, 8, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street. GORDON & GOTT, 30, Cornhill. BATES, HENDY & CO., 4, Old Jewry, E.C. SAMUEL DRACON & CO., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE:—LEON DE ROSNY, 19, Rue Monsieur, Paris.

NEW YORK:—ANDREW WIND, 133, Nassau Street.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND:—GORDON & GOTT, Melbourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO AND AMERICAN PORTS generally:—BATES & BLACK, San Francisco.

SINGAPORE AND STRAITS:—SAYLE & CO., Singapore. C. HEINSEN & CO., Malacca.

CHINA:—Messrs. A. A. DE MELO & Co., Batavia. CAMPBELL & Co., Amoy. WILSON, NICHOLS & Co., Foochow. HENDER & Co., Shanghai. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KELLY & WALKER, Yokohama, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

BANKS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, 5,000,000 Dollars. RESERVE FUND, 1,300,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman:—W. H. FORBES, Esq. Deputy Chairman:—HON. W. KESWICK, Esq. E. R. BEILHUS, Esq. WILHELM REINERS, Esq. H. L. DAINYMPLE, Esq. F. D. SARSON, Esq. H. HOPKINS, Esq. W. S. YOUNG, Esq. A. MOLVER, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER.

Hongkong, THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.

MANAGER.

Shanghai, EWES CAMERON, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS:—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

For Fixed Deposits:—
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 per cent. " "
" 12 " 5 per cent. " "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts, granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON, Chief Manager.

Offices of the Corporation, No. 1, Queen's Road East, Hongkong, February 15, 1879.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

At 3 months' notice 3 per Annum.
" 6 " " 4 " "
" 12 " " 5 " "

On Current Accounts at Rates which can be ascertained at their Office.

D. A. J. CROMBIE, Acting Manager.

Oriental Bank Corporation, Hongkong, November 23, 1878.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

CAPITAL, 2800,000. RESERVE FUND, 150,000.

BANKERS.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE CITY BANK.

THE

NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

THE BANK'S BRANCH in HONGKONG grants Drafts on London and the Chief Commercial places in Europe and the East; buys and receives for collection Bills of Exchange, and conducts all kinds of Banking and Exchange Business.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

On Current Accounts, 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

On Fixed Deposits.

For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 per cent. " "
" 12 " 5 per cent. " "

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

Messrs. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. have been instructed to sell by Public Auction, on

MONDAY,

the 5th day of May, 1879, at 11 A.M., At HER MAJESTY'S STORES, Queen's Road East,—

The following UNSERVICEABLE GOVERNMENT STORES:—Old Boats, Blankets, Brass, Canvas, Copper, Cordage, Rugs, Cast and Wrought Iron, Leather, Cotton, Linen and Woollen Articles, Waterproof Sheets, Steel, Timber, Tin, Zinc, Casks, Packing Cases, Canteens, and various Miscellaneous Articles.

TERMS OF SALE:—Cash on delivery in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.17. All faults and errors of description, to be at purchasers' risk, on the fall of the hammer.

J. MOORE, A.C.G., Com. Gen. of Ordnance, China.

Ordnance Office, Hongkong, April 25, 1879. my5

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from H.M. NAVAL STORE-KEEPER to sell by Public Auction, on

TUESDAY,

the 6th May, 1879, at Noon, at H.M. NAVAL YARD,—

SUNDRY CONDEMNED NAVAL AND VICTUALING STORES, comprising:—Old Iron, Boats and Hooses, Flannel, Serge and Drill, Sundry Provisions, Tobacco, Clothing, Implements, &c., &c., &c.

TERMS OF SALE:—As customary.

J. M. ARMSTRONG, Auctioneer.

Hongkong, April 28, 1879. my6

PUBLIC AUCTION.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, shortly, on a day to be hereafter named, unless previously disposed of by private contract,—

THE HONGKONG DISTILLERY. Situate at East Point, Hongkong, now in Complete Working Order, and Capable of Distilling upwards of 2,000 Gallons daily. The Property is of a most valuable nature, comprising THREE PIECES OF GROUND close to the water, viz.:—Inland Lots Nos. 749, 781 and 782, with the Substantially Built DWELLING HOUSE and BUSINESS PREMISES, erected specially for the purpose only a few years since, together with the MACHINERY, ENGINES, STILL, VATS, STOCK, and TRADE FURNITURE and FITTINGS.

For further Particulars, apply to Messrs SHARP, TOLLER, and JOHNSON, Solicitors, Supreme Court House, Hongkong.

Hongkong, March 5, 1879.

Intimations.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE SHANGHAI STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, IN LIQUIDATION.

AN EIGHTH RETURN OF CAPITAL at the Rate of TWO TALS per SHARE, will be made to Shareholders of Record on the 8th April, Payable at the Office of the Liquidators, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th April. Warrants will then be delivered by the Undersigned to Shareholders, or their lawful representatives, on presentation of Share Certificates for Endorsement. The Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 3rd to the 9th April, inclusive.

By Order, RUSSELL & Co., Liquidators.

Shanghai, April 1, 1879. my7

YANGTZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Directors have declared an EXTRA DIVIDEND of FIVE PER CENT. on Shareholders Capital, payable at the Office of the Secretaries, on the 28th Instant, to SHAREHOLDERS of Record on the 21st Instant.

By Order of the Directors, RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries.

Shanghai, 18th April, 1879. my23

Intimations.

ROSE & Co., 31 & 33, QUEEN'S ROAD.

BEG to inform their numerous Patrons that they have received, Ex French and English Mails and other late Arrivals, their NEW GOODS for the Season.

CONSISTING OF:—

The New "ETONA" CLOTHS, YOSEMITES, MUSLINS, GALATEAS, &c., &c., for Ladies' Dresses. Also, LADIES' and CHILDREN'S STRAW HATS, in all the Newest Shapes. BOYS' SAILOR HATS, in the New Styles. LADIES' BOOTS AND SHOES, PEBBLES GLOSS.

A Good Selection of English and French FLOWERS and FEATHERS. 2-Button and 6-Button KID GLOVES, in tins of 8 and 6 pairs. COSTUMES and PARIS MILLINERY, SUNSHADES. COLLARS and SLEEVES, in the Newest Designs. VALENCIENNES, BRUSSELS, TORCHON, and other LACES. FICHUS, LACE SETS. MUSLIN and LACE FRILLINGS, in great variety. RIBBONS in all the New Shades, REVERSIBLES, &c.

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S HOSIERY, CORSETS, SKIRTS, UNDER-CLOTHING &c., &c.

GENTLEMEN'S WHITE SHIRTS, with and without Collars attached. GENTLEMEN'S India GAUZE VESTS, in great variety. GENTLEMEN'S Christy's STRAW and FELT HATS: Black and Coloured SILK SOCKS, TIE COLLARS, STUDBS, BE ES, PERFUMERY, &c., &c., &c.

LINENS, SHEETINGS, CALICOES, DIAPERS, HOLLANDS, CRETONNES, TABLE CLOTHS, MUSLIN and LACE CURTAINS. CURTAIN LOOPS, LACE CURTAINS by the Yard, 2 yards Wide.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

All Coast Orders Punctually Attended to.

ROSE & Co., 31 AND 33, QUEEN'S ROAD.

Hongkong, April 25, 1879. my9

THE HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of the Articles of the Association of the Company, and of the Companies Ordinance 1865, an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the Company's Office, situate at No. 7, Queen's Road, Hongkong, at 8 P.M. on TUESDAY, the 6th day of May next, for the purpose of passing a special Resolution making certain alterations in the Articles of Association of the Company to the following effect, viz:—

1. That the General Managers, with the sanction of the Consulting Committee, in any years that the accounts of the Company shall render it desirable, may pay losses wholly or in part out of the excess of the Reserve Fund over and above \$250,000, in order that contributing and other Shareholders may not unnecessarily be deprived of Bonus and Dividend; such changes to take effect from the 1st January, 1878.
2. That the annual bonus payable to contributing Shareholders and the annual contribution to the reserve fund be left to the discretion of the General Managers and Consulting Committee, and that the sum to be annually appropriated to dividend be subject to the approval of the Company in Meeting.

NOTICE is hereby also given that a Second Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held, at the same hour and place, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of May next, for the purpose of confirming such special Resolution as aforesaid.

Dated the 12th day of April, 1879. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Managers.

G. FALCONER & Co., WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS, AND JEWELLERS.

NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS AND BOOKS. 46, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, April 21, 1879. my20

HONGKONG WHARF & GODOWNS STORAGE.

GOODS RECEIVED ON STORAGE at Moderate Rates, in FIRST-CLASS GODOWNS, under European supervision; and VESSELS Discharged alongside the WHARF, on favorable Terms, with quick despatch. MEYER & Co., Proprietors. Hongkong, November 29, 1878. my20

NOTICE.

FROM the 1st of OCTOBER, Dr. EASTLAKE will receive his PATIENTS at his new DENTAL ROOMS, No. 50, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, over the MEDICAL HALL. Hongkong, September 23, 1878.

HONGKONG ARTILLERY VOLUNTEERS.

ORDERLY ROOM, 19th April, 1879. It is notified that the DRILLS at present in course will be Altered until further Orders to TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, and not, as heretofore, viz., TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS. A. COXON, Captain-Commandant H. K. A. V.

NOTICE. HONGKONG ICE COMPANY.

WE beg to intimate that, having now completed and tested our New Machinery, we are fully prepared to Meet all Demands for ICE this SUMMER, and that the PRICE WILL NOT EXCEED the usual 2 Cents PER POUND. KYLE & BAIN. Hongkong, April 30, 1879. my7

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

A FIRST BONUS OF TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. upon Contributions, and an Interim Dividend of ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY DOLLARS AND SIXTY-FIVE CENTS PER SHARE for the year 1878, will be payable on THURSDAY, the 8th Instant. A Third and Final Bonus of ONE DECIMAL SEVENTY-THREE PER CENT. on Contributions, and a Third and Final Dividend of NINE DOLLARS AND EIGHTY-FOUR CENTS PER SHARE for the year 1877, will be paid at the Same Time. Warrants may be had on application at the Office of the Society on and after that Date.

By Order of the Board, N. J. EDE, Secretary. Hongkong, May 1, 1879. my8

PHOTOGRAPHY.

C. POPPELBAUM begs to announce to the Community of Hongkong that he has taken over the BUSINESS of Mr. H. SCHUREN—well known in Hongkong—and is prepared to take PHOTOGRAPHS daily from 8 a.m. till 1 p.m. Having previously been employed by Mr. SCHUREN, and had long experience in some of the most Celebrated Studios in Europe, he will take any Work in PHOTOGRAPHY, and is able to guarantee satisfaction to all who favour him with their Patronage. Photographs enlarged to life-size and finished in Artistic Style. Any Pictures not meeting with the approval of Patrons will not be charged for.

PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO.

Wyndham Street, Hongkong, April 21, 1879. my21

DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. ROGERS will visit SHANGHAI during the Summer Months, leaving HONGKONG on the 1st of April next, and returning about 1st November. Hongkong, February 10, 1879.

For sale.

FOR SALE.

EUGENE RIMMEL'S TROPICAL FLOWER WATER.



SUPERIOR TO ALL SIMILAR PREPARATIONS. VOGEL & Co., Sole Agents for China. Hongkong, February 19, 1879. my19

FOR SALE.

THE British Iron Barque "BEN-CLUTHA," 997 Tons Register, as she now lies at anchor in CHEFOO Harbour.

For Particulars, &c., apply to Messrs H. STETAS & Co., Chefoo. Hongkong, April 28, 1879. my28

WASHING BOOKS.

(In English and Chinese.) WASHINGTON'S BOOKS, for the use of Ladies and Gentlemen, are now ready at this Office.—Price, \$1 each. CHINA MAIL Office.

NOW READY.

A CHINESE DICTIONARY IN THE CANTONESE DIALECT. Parts I. and II. A to M, with Introduction. Royal 8vo., pp. 404.—By ERNEST JOHN EITEL, Ph.D., Tübingen.

Price: FIVE DOLLARS, or TWO DOLLARS AND A HALF per Part.

To be had from Messrs LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., Hongkong and Shanghai; and Messrs KELLY & WALSH, Shanghai. Hongkong, March 1, 1878.

HONG LISTS.

Circular, large sheet. THE AMENDED HONG LIST, in English and Chinese, containing the Names of all the most important Companies, Institutions and Mercantile Houses in the Colony.

Price, 25 cents each; or \$2.50 per dozen. At the "China Mail" Office.

Shipping.

Steamers.

FOR FOOCHOW.

The Steamship "MONARCH" will load here for above Port, and will have immediate despatch. The Steamer has splendid PASSENGER accommodation.

For Freight or Passage, apply to MELCHERS & Co., Agents. Hongkong, April 30, 1879. my5

FOR SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW.

The Steamship "NAMO," Capt. WESTOBY, will be despatched for the above Ports on TUESDAY, the 6th Instant, at Daylight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & Co. Hongkong, May 2, 1879. my6

FOR FOOCHOW (DIRECT.)

The Steamship "TEVOT," W. C. NISSET, Master, will be despatched for the above Port on WEDNESDAY, the 7th Proximo, at Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents. Hongkong, April 30, 1879. my7

CASTLE LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

The Steamship "GOR-ON CASTLE," Captain WARNE, will be despatched for the above Port on WEDNESDAY, the 7th Instant, at 8 o'clock p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents. Hongkong, May 2, 1879. my7

FOR YOKOHAMA.

The Steamship "GLENORCHY," Captain HONG, will be despatched for the above Port on WEDNESDAY, the 7th Instant, at 8 o'clock p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co. Hongkong, May 1, 1879. my7

Shipping.

Steamers.

FOR AMOY.

The Steamship "ESMERALDA," Capt. CULLEN, shortly due, will have quick despatch for the above Port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, May 2, 1879.

FOR YOKOHAMA & HIOGO.

The Steamship "BRECONSHIRE," expected here on or about the 4th Proximo, will have immediate despatch for the above Ports.

For Freight or Passage, apply to ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents. Hongkong, April 30, 1879.

Sailing Vessels.

FOR MANILA (DIRECT.)

The Spanish Schooners "MANUEL," Equilon, Master, "OAZADOR," ORBETA, Master, will have immediate despatch as above.

For Freight or Passage, apply to REMEDIOS & Co. Hongkong, April 28, 1879.

FOR NEW YORK.

The A 1 American Bark "EDWARD MAY," Capt. JOHNSON, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, April 30, 1879.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The A 1 British Ship "CLURUM," BRADLE, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will be despatched on or before the 5th of May.

For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co. Hongkong, April 25, 1879.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The A 1 British Ship "ONEIDA," Captain CRAMA, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, April 17, 1879.

FOR NEW YORK.

The A 1 American Ship "HAZE," EVANS, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co. Hongkong, April 16, 1879.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The A 1 American Ship "EDITH," MANSON, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will be despatched on or before the 5th of May.

For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co. Hongkong, March 28, 1879.

FOR LONDON.

The A 1 American Ship "PRIMA DONNA," LUNN, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co. Hongkong, March 28, 1879.

FOR NEW YORK.

The A 1 American Ship "GOLDEN RULE," LEWIS, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co. Hongkong, February 18, 1879.

FOR LONDON.

The A 1 British Bark "STRACATHRO," MILLAR, Master, will load here for the

Intimations.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S
CELEBRATED OILMEN'S STORES.

Wine, Brandy, Cognac, and Philadelphia.

PICKLES AND SAUCES,
JAMS AND JELLIES,
ORANGE MARMALADE,
TART FRUITS, DESSERT FRUITS,
PURE SALAD OIL,
MUSTARD, VINEGAR,
POTTED MEATS AND FISH,
FRESH SALMON AND HERRINGS,
HERRINGS A LA SARDINE,
YARMOUTH BLOATERS,
BLACKWALL WHITEBAIT,
PREPARED SOUPS, IN TINS,
PRESERVED VEGETABLES,
HAMS AND BACON, IN TINS,
PRESERVED CHEESE,
OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE SAUSAGES,
BOLOGNA SAUSAGES,
YORKSHIRE GAME AND PORK PIES,
TONGUES, GAME, POULTRY,
PLUM PUDDINGS,
LEA AND PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE
SAUCE.

Fresh supplies of the above, and numerous other table
delicacies, may be had from most Storekeepers.

CAUTION.

To prevent the fraud of refilling the bottles or jars,
they should invariably be destroyed when empty.
Goods should always be examined upon delivery,
to detect any attempt at substitution of articles of inferior
brands.

All genuine goods bear the names of Crosse & Blackwell
on the Labels, Corks and Capsules of the Bottles,
Jars and Tins.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL,
PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN,
80, SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.



HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

Long experience has proved these famous remedies to be
most effectual in curing either the dangerous maladies or
the slighter complaints which are more particularly in-
cidental to the life of a man or to those living in the
tomb.

Occasional doses of these Pills will guard the system
against those evils which so often beset the human race,
viz.—coughs, colds, and all disorders of the liver and
stomach—the frequent forerunners of fever, dysentery,
diarrhoea, and cholera.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Is the most effectual remedy for old sores, wounds,
ulcers, rheumatism, and all skin diseases; in fact, when
used according to the printed directions, it never fails to
cure a skin, deep and superficial ulcers.

These Medicines may be obtained from all respectable
Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the civilized
world, with directions for use in almost every language.

They are prepared only by the Proprietor, Thomas
Holloway, 539, Oxford Street, London.

Beware of counterfeits that may emanate from the
United States.

HIGHEST AWARD & PRIZE MEDAL PHILADELPHIA
EXHIBITION, 1876.

OAKLEY'S

WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR THE PATENT KNIFE
CLEANING MACHINE, WHICH RUBBER AND BUFF
LEATHER KNIFE BOARDS KNIFE POLISH CONTAINING
CLEANED WITH IT HAVE A BRILLIANT POLISH EQUAL
TO NEW CUTLERY. (LONDON & PARIS) AND TINS
TO NEW CUTLERY.

OAKLEY'S

INDIAN RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS

PREVENT FRICTION IN CLEANING AND INJURY TO
THE KNIFE. OAKLEY'S WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH
SHOULD BE USED WITH HIS BOARD.

OAKLEY'S

SILVERSMITHS SOAP

(NON-MERCURIAL)
FOR CLEANING AND POLISHING SILVER, ELECTRO-
PLATE, PLATE GLASS, &c. TABLETS 10. EACH.

OAKLEY'S

WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

IN SOLID BLOCKS—2D, 3D, 4D, EACH, & IN BOXES.

OAKLEY & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH, SILVERSMITHS SOAP,
WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD, &c. &c. &c.
WESTMINSTER BRIDGE ROAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

20ap78 1w 22t 20ap79

NOTICE.

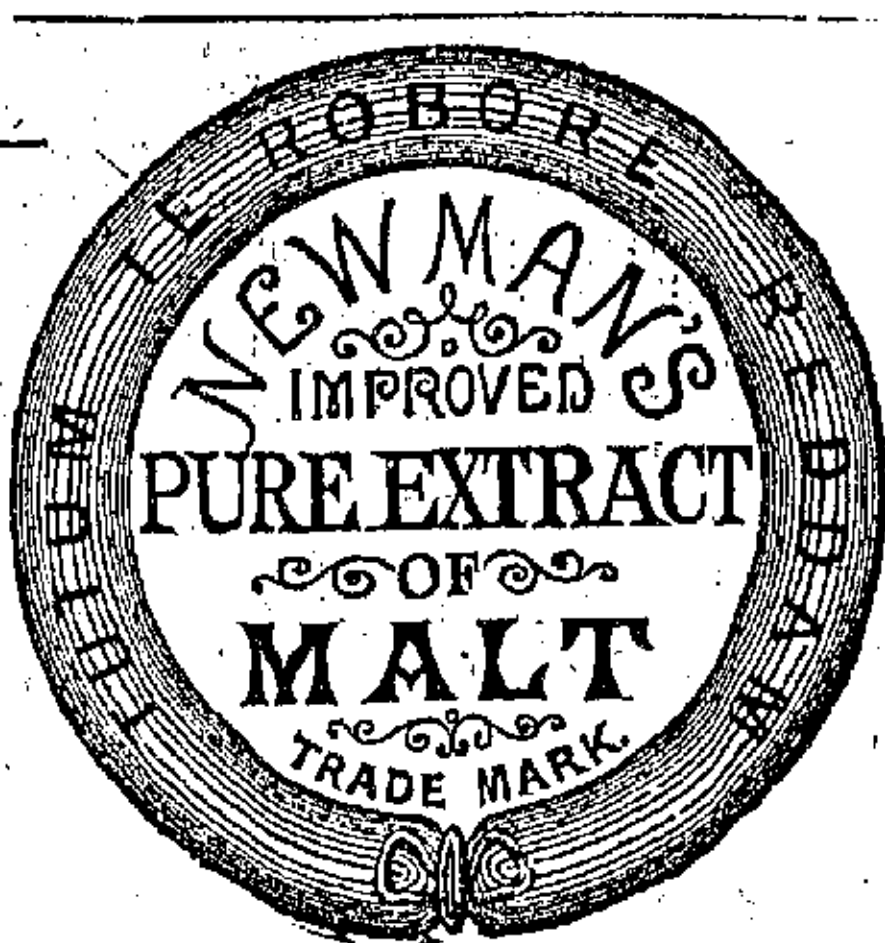
THE CHINESE MAIL.

FROM and after the Chinese New Year's
day (February 17, 1874) the Chinese
Mail will be issued DAILY instead of
WEEKLY as heretofore. No change, how-
ever, will be made in the price of subscrip-
tion, which will remain at \$4 per annum.

The charges for advertisements are now
sanctioned to those of the China Mail.
The unusual success which has attended the
Chinese Mail makes it an admirable
medium for advertisers.

The Conductors guarantee an eventual
circulation of one thousand copies. It is
already the most influential native journal
published, and enjoys considerable prestige
at the Ports of China and Japan, and at
Singapore, Penang, Calcutta, San Francisco
and Australia.

Intimations.



CLIMATIC DEBILITY.

THE WEAK MADE STRONG,
BY
NEW MAN'S EXTRACT OF MALT.

Prepared from the finest Kentish Malt,
being non-fermented and free from Spirit,
as certified by Dr. Hassall and other
Analytical Chemists.

It is strongly recommended by the faculty,
and extensively used in the principal Hos-
pitals, and is particularly valuable in all cases
of Constitutional and Climatic Debility, as
well as being a most agreeable and efficient
substitute for Cod Liver Oil. It is also very
strongly recommended to be taken instead
of Wine or Beer between meals, as it
imparts immediate strength, assists diges-
tion, and produces appetite, and it may be
freely taken by total abstainers without any
misgivings as to its exciting or intoxicating
effects.

DIRECTIONS.—A Wine-glassful twice or
three times a day. The Extract should be
kept lying down in a cool place.

Copies of the Original Testimonials from
Physicians and the Public can be forwarded
upon application to the Manufacturer.

Sold by all Chemists, and by the Manu-
facturer, O. H. NEWMAN, Dagmar House,
East Margate.

Local Agents: Messrs. A. S. WATSON &
Co., Hongkong.

4jan79 1w 1t

Dysentery, Cholera, Fever,
Ague, Coughs, Colds, &c.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S
CHLORODYNE

(Ex Army Med. Staff)
IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY
GENUINE.

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. P.
Wood stated that Dr. Collis Browne was
undoubtedly the Inventor of Chlorodyne,
that the story of the Defendant, Freeman,
being the Inventor was deliberately untrue;
which he regretted had been sworn to by
Eminent Hospital Physicians of London
stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the
discoverer of Chlorodyne; that they pro-
scribed it largely, and mean no other than
Dr. Browne.—See Times, July 12, 1864.

The public, therefore, are cautioned
against using any other than
DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

REMEDIAL USES AND ACTION.

This invaluable remedy produces quiet,
refreshing sleep, relieves pain, calms the
system, restores the deranged functions,
and stimulates healthy action of the secre-
tions of the body, without creating any of
those unpleasant results attending the use
of opium. Old and young may take it at all
hours and times when requisite. Thou-
sands of persons testify to its marvellous
good effects and wonderful cures, while
medical men extol its virtues most exten-
sively.

CHLORODYNE is admitted by the profes-
sion to be the most wonderful and valuable
remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for
coughs, consumption, bronchitis, asthma.

CHLORODYNE effectually checks and ar-
rests those too often fatal diseases—
diphtheria, fever, croup, ague.

CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in diar-
rhoea, and is the only specific in cholera
and dysentery.

CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all
attacks of epilepsy, hysteria, palpitations
and spasms.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in
neuritis, rheumatism, gout, cancer, tooth-
ache, meningitis, &c.

EXTRACTS FROM MEDICAL OPINIONS.

The Right Hon. Earl Russell communi-
cated to the College of Physicians and J. T.
Davenport that he had received informa-
tion to the effect that the only remedy of
any service in Cholera was Chlorodyne.—
See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864.

From A. Montgomery, Esq., late Inspec-
tor of Hospitals, Bombay:—"Chlorodyne
is a most valuable remedy in Neuritis,
Asthma, and Dysentery. To it I fairly
owe my restoration to health, after sixteen
months' severe suffering, and when other
remedies had failed."

Dr. Lowe, Medical Missionary in India,
reports (December 1866) that in nearly
every case of Cholera in which Dr. J. COLLIS
BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE was administered,
the patient recovered.

Extract from the General Board of
Health, London, as to its efficacy in Cholera.
—"So strongly are we convinced of the
immense value of this remedy, that we
cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of
adopting it in all cases."

See leading article, Pharmaceutical Jour-
nal, August 1, 1868, which states that Dr.
J. Collis Browne was the inventor of Chloro-
dyne; that it is always right to use his
preparation when Chlorodyne is ordered.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the
words "Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE" on the
Government Stamp. Overwhelming medical
testimony accompanies each bottle.

Sole Manufacturer—
J. T. DAVENPORT,
88, Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury, London.
Sold in bottles at 1s. 1d., 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d.,
and 11s.

4jan79 1w 22t 4jul79

NOW READY.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

Intimations.

DINNEFORD'S
THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY
OF THE STOMACH, HEADACHE,
HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

DINNEFORD'S
FLUID
MAGNESIA.

DINNEFORD & Co., Chemists
London,
N.B. ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

Agents—A. S. WATSON & Co., Hongkong.
5ap79s 1w 52t 5ap80

JOHN & HENRY GWYNNE,
89, CANNON STREET, & HAMMERSMITH IRON WORKS, LONDON.

MANUFACTURERS AND PATENTERS OF
"INVINCIBLE" CENTRIFUGAL PUMP,
AND ALSO OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF MACHINE FOR COLONIAL USE,
AND FOR RAISING WATER.

PUMPS WORKED BY STEAM POWER.
PUMPS WORKED BY WATER POWER.
PUMPS WORKED BY WIND POWER.
PUMPS WORKED BY CATTLE POWER.
PUMPS WORKED BY HAND POWER.

TURBINE WATER WHEELS, HYDRAULIC RAMS, &c.
FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.

Catalogues can be obtained on application to the Office of this Journal.
1m79 1w 52t 1t

In consequence of spurious imitations of
LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE,
which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins
have adopted A NEW LABEL, bearing their Signature,
thus,

which is placed on every bottle of WORCESTERSHIRE
SAUCE, and without which none is genuine.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London,
&c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

14de78 1w 52t 14de79

THE BEST REMEDY FOR INDIGESTION.

TRADE MARK.
NORTON'S

CAMOMILE PILLS are confidently recommended as a simple Remedy for Indigestion, which is
the cause of nearly all the diseases to which we are subject, being a medicine so uniformly grateful
and beneficial, that it is with justice called the "Natural Strengtheners of the Human Stomach."

"Norton's Pills" act as a powerful tonic and gentle aperient; are mild in their operation, safe
under any circumstances, and thousands of persons can now bear testimony to the benefits to be
derived from their use, as they have been a water-falling Family Friend for upwards of 45 years.
Sold in Bottles at 1s. 1d., 2s. 6d., and 11s. each, by all Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

CAUTION.
Be sure and ask for "NORTON'S PILLS" and do not be persuaded to purchase an imitation.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER
TO THE QUEEN AND ROYAL FAMILY,
And by Special Appointments to
H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, H. I. M. THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA,
THE MAHARAJAH OF BURDWAN,
AND TO SEVERAL INDIAN PRINCES.
PRIZE MEDALS—LONDON, DUBLIN, & PARIS.

BENSON'S
WATCHES, of every Description,
suitable for all climates, from £2
to 200 guineas. Chronographs,
Chronometers, Keyless Levers,
Presentation, Repeaters, Railway
Guards', Soldiers', and Work-
men's Watches of Extra Strength.

BENSON'S
CLOCKS—For Churches, Turrets,
Public Buildings, Dining or
Drawing Room, Library, Carri-
age, Church, Hall, or Shop. Repre-
sentation, Repeaters, Railway
Guards', Soldiers', and Work-
men's Watches of Extra Strength.

BENSON'S
JEWELLERY—Gold Jewellery, of the richest
materials, and most exquisite designs, with
Monograms, Crests, and Devices,
Enamelled in Colours, after De-
signed by the most accomplished
Artists in the Precious Metals;
other wares, designed to suit
any style of furniture; also as
diamonds for Presentation, Made
bars of the Court, and other
jewels by Benson. From £5 5s. Distinguished Personages.

Merchant, Shippers, and Wholesale Buyers are specially invited, before sending
their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufacturer the Illustrated Catalogues of
Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery, Silver, and Electro-plate, which are sent post free,
so not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock
in the world.

Orders should be sent direct to the Manufacturer, Ludgate Hill.
BENSON'S FAMILIARLY KNOWN WATCHES, CLOCKS, PLATE, and JEWELLERY
sent Post Free. Watches sent safe by Post to all parts of the World.

Steam Factory and City Show Room—
LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.
West-End Establishment—
25, OLD BOND STREET.
Established 1749.

8oc78 1w 52t 8oc79

THE CHINESE MAIL.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING IN THE
Chinese Mail.

TWO cents a character for the first 100
characters, and one cent a character
beyond the first 100, for first insertion, and
half price for repetitions during the first
week. Subsequent weekly insertions will
be charged only one half the amount of the
first week's charge. Advertisements for
half a year and longer will be allowed a
deduction of 25 per cent on the total amount,
and contracts for more favourable terms
can be made.

Efforts have been made to establish
Agents for circulating the Chinese Mail in all
the ports and in the interior of China, all
the ports in Japan, in Saigon, Singapore,
Penang, Calcutta, Batavia, Manila, the
Philippines, Australia, San Francisco, Peru
and other places which Chinese frequent.
When the list of Agents is completed,
it will be published. Agents have been
already established in most of the above
places, and in important ports more than
one agent has been appointed at each.

Roughness, February 28, 1874.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

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THE CHINESE MAIL.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

Intimations.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES
COUGHS,
ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS,
ACCUMULATION OF PHLEGM.

Composed of the purest articles. These
Lozenges contain no opium nor any deleterious
drug, therefore the most delicate can
take them with perfect confidence. Their
beneficial effect is speedy and certain. This
old unfailing family remedy is daily recom-
mended by the most eminent Physicians.
(In use nearly 60 years).

MEDICAL TESTIMONY.
July 25th, 1877.

22, Cold Harbour Lane, London.
Sir,—Your Lozenges are excellent, and
their beneficial effect most reliable. I
strongly recommend them in cases of Cough
and Asthma. You are at liberty to state
this as my opinion, formed from many
years' experience.
J. BRINGLOE, M.R.C.S.L., L.S.A., L.M.
Mr. T. KEATING, Indian Medical Service.

Dear Sir, Having tried your Lozenges
in India, I have much pleasure in testifying
to their beneficial effects in cases of In-
cipient Consumption, Asthma and Bronchial
Affections. I have prescribed them largely,
with the best results.

W. B. G.—, Apothecary, H.M.S.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES are sold by
all Chemists, in bottles, of various sizes,
each having the words, "Keating's Cough
Lozenges" engraved on the Government
stamp.

KEATING'S WORM TABLETS,
A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in
appearance and taste, finishing a most
agreeable method of administering the only
certain remedy for INTERNAL OR THREAD
WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild
preparation, and is especially adapted for
Children.—SOLD IN BOTTLES BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Proprietor, T. OMAS KEATING, London,
Export Chemist and Druggist.
5ap79 1w 30ap79

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
STEEL PENS.

Sold by all dealers throughout the World.

PERFUMERY.

J. & E. Atkinson's
WHITE ROSE and other SACHET
POWDERS, ROSE TOILET POW-
DER, TRANSPARENT SOAP,
TOILET VINEGAR.

PRIZE MEDALS—LONDON, PARIS, VIENNA,
CORDOVA, LIMA, PHILADELPHIA.
Paris 1878, only Gold Medal for English
Perfumery.

Sold by all first-class Dealers throughout
the World.

J. & E. ATKINSON,
24, Old Bond-street, London.

The genuine guaranteed by TRADE MARK
—"A White Rose on a Golden Lyre."
1jun78 3

Mr. Andrew Wind,
NEWS AGENT, &c.

138, NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK;
is authorized to receive Subscriptions, Ad-
vertisements, &c., for the China Mail,
Overland China Mail, and China Review.

PRICE \$6.

THE TREATY PORTS
OF
China and Japan.

A COMPLETE GUIDE TO THE OPEN PORTS OF
THOSE COUNTRIES, TOGETHER WITH PE-
KING, YED, HONGKONG AND MACAO.

FORMING A GUIDE BOOK & VADE ME-
CUM FOR TRAVELLERS, MERCHANTS,
AND RESIDENTS IN GENERAL.

8vo. pp. 618. With 29 MAPS AND PLANS,
by
WM. F. MAYERS, N. B. DENNY, and
CHAS. KING.

COMPILED AND EDITED BY N. B.
DENNY, F.R.S.

LONDON: N. TRUBNER & Co.
HONGKONG: China Mail Office.

Price, \$6, leather half bound.

The scope of this work includes detailed
descriptions of important SITES and MONU-
MENTS, notes on the CLIMATE and general
TOPOGRAPHY, FAUNA, FLORA, GEOLOGY
and METEOROLOGY of each Port and its
neighbourhood, with HISTORICAL NOTES
and minute details respecting the race and
progress and social characteristics of the
several foreign settlements. To these par-
ticulars are added summaries and statistics of
the TRADE of each open Port, compiled from
official returns, together with statements
respecting COINAGE, CURRENCY, and Ex-
changes, LINES OF STEAM COMMUNICATION,
DISTANCES, and rates of PASSAGE MONEY.
Hints, and recommendations to travellers,
giving full particulars of OUTFIT and mode
of proceeding to the less frequented settle-
ments are also included, combined with
notes on DOMESTIC MARKETS and Mode
of living.

In addition to furnishing similar particu-
lars, the Section devoted to Hongkong
contains an historical sketch forming a
chronological index of the chief events
which occupied public attention between
1841 and 1865, including POLITICAL EVENTS,
CHANGES in the GOVERNMENT SERVICE,
the passing of important ORDINANCES,
ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of EMINENT
RESIDENTS, a record of the most notable
PRICES, ROBBERIES, MURDERS, FRAUDS,
FIRES and CRIMINAL TRAILS, ADDRESSES
and PRESENTATIONS, &c., &c.

The appendix contains full tables of the
various steam companies' lines. It also
includes a CATALOGUE of over 440 works
published in the English language upon
China and Japan, while a copious INDEX
at the end of the work affords a ready
means of reference to the reader.

BARNETT SON, and FOSTER,
Engineers, 250,
Fleet Street, London, E.C.

5jan79 1w 52t 5jan79

Intimations.

THE CHINA REVIEW.

THE widely-expressed regret at the dis-
continuance of Notes & Queries on
China and Japan, has induced the pub-
lishers of this journal to issue a publication
similar in object and style, but slightly
modified in certain details.

The China Review, or Notes and
Queries on the Far East, is issued at in-
tervals of two months, each number con-
taining about 60 octavo pages, occasionally
illustrated with lithographs, photographs,
woodcuts, &c., should the papers published
demand, and the circulation justify, such
extra matter.

The subscription is fixed at \$6.50 postage
paid, per annum, payable by non-residents
in Hongkong half-yearly in advance.

The publication includes papers original
and selected upon the Arts and Sciences,
Ethnology, Folklore, Geography, History,
Literature, Mythology, Manners and cus-
toms, Natural History, Religion, &c., &c.,
of China, Japan, Mongolia, Tibet, the
Eastern Archipelago and the "Far East"
generally. A more detailed list of subjects
upon which contributions are especially
invited is incorporated with each number.
Original contributions in Chinese, Latin,
French, German, Spanish, Italian or Por-
tuguese, are admissible. Endeavour
are made to present a résumé in each
number of the contents of the most recent
works bearing on Chinese matters. Great
attention is also paid to the Review
department.

Notes and Replies are classified to-
gether as "Notes" (head references being
given, when furnished, to previous Notes
or Queries), as are also those queries which,
though asking for information, furnish new
or unpublished details concerning the mat-
ter in hand. It is desirable to make the
Queries proper as brief and as much to
the point as possible.

The China Review for July and August,
1878, is at hand. It says that forty-two
essays were sent in to compete for the best
paper on the advantages of Christianity for
the development of a State. All our learned
societies should subscribe to this scholarly
and enterprising Review. It is a sixty
pages, bi-monthly, repository of what schol-
ars are ascertaining about China. The
lecture on Chinese Poetry in this volume is
alone worth the price of the Review. Ad-
dress China Review, Hongkong.—Northern
Christian Advocate (U.S.)

Trübner's Oriental Record contains the fol-
lowing notice of the China Review:—"This
is the title of a publication, the first number
of which has lately reached us from Hong-
kong, where it has been set on foot as in
some respects a continuation of Notes and
Queries on China and Japan, the circulation
of which useful serial a year or two ago has
been much regretted in Europe as well as
in China. The present publication, judging
by the number now before us is intended to
occupy a position, as regards China and the
neighbouring countries, somewhat similar
to that which has been filled in India by the
Calcutta Review. The great degree of at-
tention that has been bestowed of late years
upon the

Intimations.

NEWS FOR HOME.

The Overland China Mail.

(The oldest Overland Paper in China.)
PUBLISHED AT THE "CHINA MAIL" OFFICE
IN TIME FOR THE ENGLISH MAIL.

Containing from 72 to 84 columns of closely
printed matter.

THIS Mail Summary is compiled from
the Daily China Mail, is published
twice a month on the morning of the
English Mail's departure, and is a re-
cord of each fortnight's current history
of events in China and Japan, con-
tributed in original reports and collated
from the journals published at the various
ports in those countries.

It contains Shipping news from Shanghai,
Hongkong, Canton, &c., and a complete
Commercial Summary.

Subscription, 60 cents per Copy (postage
paid 60 cents.) \$12 per annum (postage
paid \$13.50.)

Orders should be sent to GEO. MURRAY
BAIR, China Mail Office, 2, Wyndham
Street, not later than the evening before the
departure of the English Mail Steamer.
Terms of Advertising, same as in Daily
China Mail.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of the
Underlined in the Chinese Mail,
華字日報 (Wah Tze Yat Po),
Created from the 1st August, 1877.

CHUN AYIN.

Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

NOTICE.

IN Reference to the above, the Under-
signed has LEASED the Chinese Mail
from the 1st August, 1877, and has engaged
the services of Mr. LEONG YOK CHUN,
as Translator and General Manager of the
newspaper, which under its new régime
will be found to be, as hitherto, an ex-
cellent medium for advertising, especially
as the Manager is able to devote his whole
attention to the conduct of the newspaper.

KONG CHIM.

Lessee of the Hongkong Chinese Mail.
Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

Not Responsible for Debts.

Neither the Captain, the Agents, nor
Owners will be Responsible for any
Debts contracted by the Officers or Crew
of the following Vessels, during their stay
in Hongkong Harbour:—

GOLDEN FLEUCE, British barque, Capt.
James Wiltshire—Gillman & Co.
ONIDA, British ship, Captain S. Clyma.
—Gibb, Livingston & Co.

TAIWAN, German barque, Captain C.
Jensen.—Arnhold, Karberg & Co.

QUEEN OF INDIA, British barque, Capt.
E. H. Cary.—Adamson, Bell & Co.

FLEURS CASTLE, British steamer, Capt.
Kidd.—Adamson, Bell & Co.

ALEXA, British barque, Captain George
Robb.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

PARALOS, French barque, Captain T.
Paseo.—Carlowitz & Co.

ANTIE W. WESTON, American barque,
Captain H. O. Winsor.—Order.

VERVIVUS, American barque, Captain F.
W. Call.—Order.

EDITH, American ship, Captain Edmund
S. Manson.—Vogel & Co.

To-day's Advertisements.

FOR SHANGHAI.

The Departure of the Steamship
"CHINA,"
F. C. ACKERMANN, Master, for
the above Port is POSTPONED
TUESDAY, the 5th Instant, at 2 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
SIEMSEN & Co.

Hongkong, May 3, 1879. my5

NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES

MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

The Company's Steamship
"TIGRE"
Commandant LE POITRE, will
be despatched for SHANGHAI
shortly after the arrival of the next French
Mail from Europe.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.

Hongkong, May 3, 1879.

NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES

MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

The Company's Steamship
"TIGRE"
Commandant CHAMPENOIS, will
be despatched for SHANGHAI
shortly after her arrival from Europe.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.

Hongkong, May 3, 1879.

FOR MANILA.

The Steamship
"DIAMANTE,"
Capt. THEBAUD, shortly due,
will have quick despatch for
the above Port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, May 3, 1879.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May 3, 6.30 a.m., Sunda, British steamer,
1028, J. Reeves, Yokohama April 26, Mails
and General.—P. & O. S. N. Co.

May 3, Agamemnon, British steamer,
1622, J. Wilding, Liverpool March 16, via
ports of call, and Singapore April 26, Gen-
eral.—BURNETT & SWIRE.

May 3, Glenfalloch, British steamer, 1886,
A. H. Taylor, Saigon April 29, Rice.—
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

May 3, Lombardy, British steamer, 1726,
W. B. Hall, Bombay April 15, Galle, 20,
Penang, 25, and Singapore 27, Mails and
General.—P. & O. S. N. Co.

May 3, Anna Bertha, German barque,
468, H. Krause, Toulon April 24, General.—
SIEMSEN & Co.

May 3, Hermine, German barque, 850,
Meyer, Toulon April 21, General.—EDWARD
SCHELLHAAS & Co.

DEPARTURES.

May 3, Pernambuco, for Saigon.
3, Yutlung, for Swatow.

3, Ben Gloe, for Foochow.
3, Freya, German man-of-war, for
Europe, &c.

3, Wolf, German gunboat, for a cruise.
3, Glenartney, for Shanghai.

3, Hualong, for Amoy.
3, Fuyeu, for Shanghai.

CLEARED.

Victory, for Tientsin.
Olympia, for Manila.

China, for Shanghai.
Ajaz, for Singapore, London, &c.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.

Per Lombardy, for Hongkong: from
Southampton, Miss Green, Mr. O. Thomp-
son, Sub-Lieut. Carrow, and Mr. G. H.
Brunt; from Bombay, Messrs W. Farre,
and W. S. Cannon; from Calcutta, Mrs.
Bright; from Penang, 14 Chinese deck;
from Singapore, Mrs. Linstead and servant,
and 81 Chinese deck.—For Shanghai: from
Southampton, Messrs Hearne, and Ritchie;
from Venice, Mr. Brand, and Dr. Socke's
amah; from Madras, Mr. A. M. Archibald.
—For Yokohama: from Southampton, Mr.
North; from Singapore, Mr. and Mrs. Crane,
8 children and 2 servants, and Mr. J. Al-
meida.

Per Sunda, from Yokohama, Messrs C.
Cookran, J. W. Austen, E. Crowley, E. St.
John, S. Judd, E. Rickerby, W. Morrison,
and 3 Distressed Seamen.

Per Agamemnon, from Liverpool, Capt.
and Mrs. Pauli (for Manila), and 363 Chinese
from Straits.

Per Glenfalloch, from Saigon, 23 Chinese.
Per Anna Bertha, from Toulon, 4 Chi-
nese.

DEPARTED.

Per Hualong, for Amoy, Mr. Larken.
Per Pernambuco, for Saigon, 20 Chinese.

Per Yutlung, for Swatow, 104 Chinese.
Per Ben Gloe, for Foochow, 40 Chinese.

Per Glenartney, for Shanghai, 1 Euro-
pean.

Per Fuyeu, for Shanghai, 200 Chinese.

SHIPPING REPORTS.

The British steamer Glenfalloch reports:
Fine weather throughout.

The British steamer Lombardy reports:
Fine weather throughout the passage.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

MAILS will close:—

For YOKOHAMA.—
Per S. S. Malacca, on Sunday, 4th Inst.
Registry closes at 4.45 p.m. Mail
closes at 5 p.m. Paid Correspond-
ence may then be posted in the
movable box on board the Packet.
The Post Office will be open to-
morrow from 8 to 9 a.m. and from 4
to 5 p.m.

For SHANGHAI.—
Per China, at 1.30 p.m., on Monday, the
5th Inst., instead of as previously
notified.

For AMOY AND SHANGHAI.—
Per Agamemnon, at 2.30 p.m., on Mon-
day, the 5th Inst.

For SHANGHAI.—
Per S. S. Lombardy, on Monday, 5th
Inst. Registry closes at 9.45 a.m.
Mail closes at 10 a.m. Late Letters
received from 10.10 to 10.30 with 18
cents Late Fee. Paid Correspond-
ence may then be posted in the
movable box on board the Packet.

For STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.—
Per Bellona, at 2.30 p.m., on Tuesday,
the 6th Inst.

For SAIGON.—
Per Adria, at 4 p.m., on Monday, the
5th Inst., instead of as previously
notified.

For SWATOW, AMOY, & FOOCHOW.—
Per Namoa, at 5 p.m., on Monday, the
5th Inst.

For BANGKOK.—
Per Danube, at 3.30 p.m., on Tuesday,
the 6th Inst.

For FOOCHOW.—
Per Teicot, at 11.30 a.m., on Wednesday,
the 7th May.

For YOKOHAMA.—
Per Gordon Carr, at 2.30 p.m., on
Wednesday, the 7th Inst.

Per Glenartney, at 2.30 p.m., on Wednes-
day, the 7th Inst.

MAILS BY THE UNITED STATES PACKET.

The United States Mail Packet Osento will
be despatched on TUESDAY, the
6th May, with Mails for Japan, San
Francisco, and the United States,
which will be closed as follows:—

11.15 a.m. Registry of Letters ceases.
2.30 p.m. Post-Office closes, but Letters
(except for Non-Union Countries) may
be posted on board the Packet with
Late Fee of 18 cents extra Postage
until the time of departure.

Correspondence for Non-Union West Indies
(except the Bahamas and Hayti),
Monte Video, Paraguay, and Uruguay
can no longer be sent by this route.

Hongkong, April 28, 1879. my5

MAILS BY THE BRITISH PACKET.

The British Contract Packet Nizam,
will be despatched on TUESDAY,
the 6th May, with Mails to and
through the United Kingdom and
Europe via Brindisi or Southampton;
to the Straits Settlements, Batavia,
Burmah, Ceylon, India, Aden, Egypt,
Malta, and Gibraltar.

N.B.—This Packet carries no mails for the
Australian Colonies, E. or S. Africa,
nor for Mauritius.

MAILS BY THE FRENCH PACKET.—
The French Contract Packet Sindh will
be despatched on TUESDAY, the
13th May, with Mails to and
through the United Kingdom and
Europe, via Naples; to Saigon, Straits
Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, Ceylon,
India (via Madras), Australia, New
Zealand, Tasmania, Fiji, Aden, Sey-
chelles, Réunion, Mauritius, Suez,
and Alexandria. This is the best
opportunity for forwarding Corre-
spondence to E. Africa, the Cape,
St. Helena, and Ascension.

MAILS BY THE TORRES STRAITS PACKET.—
The Australian Contract Packet Normanby,
will be despatched from Hongkong, on
TUESDAY, the 15th Instant, with
Mails for Singapore, Thursday Island,
Cocktown, Cleveland Bay, Bowen,
Koppal Bay, Brisbane, Sydney, Mel-
bourne, New Zealand, Fiji, and Tas-
mania.

Correspondence can be Registered till 1.15
p.m.

The Mails will be closed at 1.30. Supple-
mentary mail on board with 18 cents
late fee till time of departure.

Correspondence for Southern and Western
Australia can be sent by this route if
despatched, but as a general rule it
is better to send it via Galle.

Hongkong, May 1, 1879. my15

MAILS BY THE UNITED STATES PACKET.
The United States Mail Packet City of
Yokio, will be despatched on TUES-
DAY, the 20th May, with Mails for
Japan, San Francisco, and the United
States, which will be closed as fol-
lows:—

11.15 a.m. Registry of Letters ceases.
11.30 a.m. Post-Office closes, but Letters
(except for Non-Union Countries) may
be posted on board the Packet with
Late Fee of 18 cents extra Postage
until the time of departure.

Correspondence for Non-Union West Indies
(except the Bahamas and Hayti),
Monte Video, Paraguay, and Uruguay
can no longer be sent by this route.

Hongkong, April 30, 1879. my20

HOURS OF CLOSING.

THE CONTRACT MAILS.
The following hours are observed in closing
Mails, &c., by both the British and
French Contract Packets:—

Day before departure, —
5 p.m.—Money Order Office closes; Post
Office closes except the Night Box,
which remains open all night.

Day of departure, —
7 a.m.—Post Office opens.

10 a.m.—Registry of Letters ceases.
Posting of all printed matter and
patterns ceases.

11 a.m.—Mails closed, except for Late
Letters.

11.10 a.m.—Letters may be posted with
Late Fee of 18 cents until.

11.30 a.m.—when the Post Office Closes
entirely.

11.40 a.m.—Late Letters may be posted
on board the packet with Late Fee of
18 cents until time of departure.

Quotations.

HONGKONG, May 3, 1879.

OPIUM.—New Pains, cash, \$562½
" Old " cash, " "

" New Benares, cash, 585
" Old " cash, " "

" New Malwa, credit, 775
" Allowance " " "

" Old Malwa, credit, 775
" Allowance " " "

Exchange.

Bank, Wire, " " " 37½
" 30 days' sight, " 37½
" 6 months' sight, " 38½

Credit, " " " 38½
Documentary, 6 months' sight, 38½
India, Wire, " " " 224

" demand, " " " 225
Shanghai, demand, " " " 72½

" 80 days' sight, " " " 73½
Gold Leaf, 99½ fine " " " 28 90

Sovereigns, " " " 5.43

Shares.

Hongkong Bank, 46 ½ prem.
Union Ins. Society of Canton, \$1,400

China Traders' Ins. Co., \$1,500
North China Ins. Co., Tls. 1,300

Yangtze Ins. Assoc., Tls. 750
Chinese Insurance Co., \$280

H.K. Fire Ins. Co., \$175
H.K. & W. Dock Co., 5 ½ prem.

H.K. & M. S. Boat Co., \$10 dis.
Shanghai Steam Navigation, Tls. 17

China Coast S. Nav. Co., Tls. 95, ex div.
Hongkong Ins. Co., \$70

Hongkong Hotel Co., \$55
China Sugar Refining Co., \$187

Chinese Imperial Loan, £118
Do. of 1877, £110

Temperatures.

(Taken at Messrs. Falconer & Co.'s Premises,
Queen's Road.)

Hongkong, May 3, 1879.

Barometer—9 a.m. " 30.044
Do. 1 p.m. " 29.990
Do. 4 p.m. " " "

Thermometer—9 a.m. " 78
Do. 1 p.m. " 78
Do. 4 p.m. " 78

Do. (Wet bulb) 9 a.m. " 75
Do. 1 p.m. " 75
Do. 4 p.m. " 75

Do. Maximum " 78
Do. Minimum over night " 75

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.

Shipping.
Goods per Hankow undelivered after
this date subject to rent.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.—The Right
Reverend Bishop Burdon, The Rev.
R. Hayward Kidd, Colonial Chaplain.
Morning Service, 11, Evening 4. Holy
Communion on the first Sunday of every month.
Wednesday, at 5.30 p.m., Evening
Prayer and Sermon.

Military Service.—Rev. J. Henderson,
officiating Military Chaplain. At 8 a.m.
Morning Prayer, &c. Holy Communion
on the second and fourth Sunday in the
month.

UNION CHURCH.—Morning Service, at
11 a.m., Afternoon, 6 p.m.—Divine Service
in Chinese, 3 p.m. every Sunday, with
communion on first Sunday of every month.
—Rev. Dr. Eitel.

St. Peter's Seamen's Church.—Rev.
J. Henderson. Service at 8 p.m., every
Sunday and Wednesday. All seats free.
Morning Prayer and Communion on the
first Sunday in each month at 11 a.m.

St. Stephen's Mission Church.—Rev.
A. B. Hutchinson, and Rev. Lo San
Yuen. (All Services in Chinese.) Morn-
ing Prayer:—Liturgy, Ante-Communion,
and Sermon, at 11 a.m. Bible Class, at 3
p.m. Preaching, at 6.30 p.m. Holy Com-
munion, 1st Sunday in Chinese month.

Bazaar, Foundling House.—Service in
the German language, by Pastor E. Klinkke,
every Sunday, at half-past ten a.m., in
the Chapel of the Berlin Foundling House,
West Point.

St. Joseph's Church, Garden Road.—
In the morning, Mass at 8 o'clock.

MEMOS. FOR MONDAY.

Shipping.
2 p.m.—China leaves for Shanghai.

Auction.
11 a.m.—Sale of Sundries at Her Ma-
jesty's Stores, Queen's Road East.

General Memoranda.

TUESDAY, May 6:—
Daylight.—Namoa leaves for Coast Ports.
Noon.—English Mail leaves for ports
of Call and Europe.

Noon.—Sale of Sundries at Naval Yard.
3 p.m.—Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co.'s
Steamer leaves for Yokohama and San
Francisco.

3 p.m.—Extraordinary Meeting of the
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company.

WEDNESDAY, May 7:—
Noon.—Goods leave for Foochow.

3 p.m.—Goods leave for Yokohama.
3 p.m.—Goods leave for Y. Hama.

Goods per Namoa undelivered after
Noon, subject to rent and landing
charges.

THURSDAY, May 8:—
Bonus of Union Insurance Society pay-
able.

FRIDAY, May 9:—
Goods per Glenartney undelivered after
this date subject to rent.

TUESDAY, May 13:—
French Mail leaves for Ports of Call
and Europe.

TUESDAY, May 20:—
Noon.—American Mail leaves for Yok-
ohama and San Francisco.

3 p.m.—Confirmatory Meeting of Hong-
kong Fire Insurance Company.

WEDNESDAY, May 23:—
Dividend of 5% on Shares of Yangtze
Insurance Association, payable at the
office of Russell & Co.

THE
HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
Established A.D. 1841.

香港大藥房

A. S. WATSON & Co.,
FAMILY & DISPENSING CHEMISTS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
IMPORTERS

OF
DRUGGISTS' Sundries, NURSERY REQUI-
SITES, TOILET REQUISITES, ENGLISH,
AMERICAN, AND FRENCH PATENT
MEDICINES.

MANUFACTURERS
OF
Soda Water, Lemonade, Tonic Water,
Gingerade, Potass Water, Sarsaparilla
Water, and other Aerated Waters.

The Manufactory is under direct and
continuous European Supervision.
Hongkong, June 1, 1878.

BIRTH.
On the 22nd March, at 8, Devonport-
street, Hyde-park, W., the Wife of EARL
DEACON, of a Son.

MARRIAGE.
On the 28th March, at Christ Church,
Lancaster-gate, by the Rev. Gerald J.
Ford, B.A., Curate of Chilton Cantels,
Somerset, Brother of the Bride, HENRY
HEBEY, of Shanghai, to ANNE STANMAR,
second Daughter of Major-General Barnett
Ford, of Queensborough-terrace, Hyde-
park.

DIED.
On May 3, ALEXANDER BLECKER (Ame-
rican) Assistant at Sailor's Home. The
funeral will take place to-morrow, at 5.30
a.m., from the Government Civil Hospital.
Friends are invited to attend.

The publication of this notice commenced
at 7.45 p.m.

THE CHINA MAIL.

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1879.

WHEREVER you find the spirit of
Christianity, there you are sure to meet
with practical proofs of its presence in
charitable work; and this remark applies
equally to many of those who, though non-
Christian in name, are actuated with
something of the spirit which Arnold
describes as "making for righteousness."

change in the nature of the entertainment will meet with the approval of all, provided that careful steps are taken to ensure that none save subscribers and invited guests are allowed to enter the Gardens, on the occasion of the Party.

ROBBERIES and piracies are very rife at present in the neighbourhood of Canton. A passage boat running to the Fah Yuen district was attacked by a gang at night, the Captain killed, and the whole of the passengers' baggage, value at about \$1,000, carried off. The passengers were landed with nothing left them save what they stood in. A description of stolen property has been handed to the authorities, and there, we suppose, the matter will end. Another gang of about forty men attacked the fishing village of Tohr Yuen, some fifteen miles above Canton, but the villagers, a hardy set of men, turned out en masse, and surrounded them. Seven of the robbers were captured, and were made shorter by a head last Tuesday. Gang robberies appear to be in high favor just now, amongst these desperadoes, and life in isolated villages has all that liveliness and freedom from monotony which every one so much enjoys.

His Honor Mr. J. J. Francis sat for a short time this morning in the Summary Jurisdiction Court, to hear a suit brought by one Chow Alook, against Yew Atoo and Lee Atoo, to recover \$908.14, being balance of account due for stone supplied. The plaintiff had contracted to supply a quantity of stone for \$3898.64 to the defendants, who had in their turn contracted to supply the same to Mr. Degener. \$2898.50 had been paid, and plaintiff sued for the balance. The defendants did not appear, and judgment was entered for the plaintiff for the amount claimed, with costs. Mr. Sharp appeared for the plaintiff.

WE understand that in view of the approaching visit of General Grant to Canton, and with a view to adding *ecceit* to the arrival of Mr. Robert Hart, the Inspector General of Customs, the Custom House shed at Canton has been whitewashed, an occurrence which will long be remembered in the annals of the City of Rams. This is a governmental movement which does not happen every day. It is reported that there was a considerable amount of discussion as to what colour it should be whitewashed, but it has been whitewashed white, at which we cannot but express our gratification. White was chosen, we are informed, so that the shed, like everybody else, might have its summer clothing on, and as the badge-of-innocence colour was best adapted for the examiners to "tot" down in pencil any little memoranda they might see reason to make. It is to be hoped that the vast and reckless expenditure represented by these large public improvements will not imperil the financial credit of the country. It would be a pity if it too had to be "whitewashed."

H. E. THE GOVERNOR, on the termination of the billiard play by Messrs Shorter and Roberts at Government House on Friday, highly complimented these gentlemen on the magnificence of their play, and stated that he and General Grant had been so immensely pleased with the entertainment that they would attend at the Club that evening to again witness the play. At the Club, last night, the billiard room was crowded, and an excellent exhibition was made. Messrs Roberts and Shorter play at the Club again on Tuesday night, many of the members who were anxious to be present not being able to obtain admission owing to the crowded state of the room, and most of those who witnessed the entertainment being desirous of seeing a repetition, or better still a slight change of programme, which those accomplished players are so well qualified to arrange. Messrs Roberts and Shorter leave Hongkong for Shanghai next week, and after, we hope, a successful season there, proceed to Japan, visiting Yokohama and the other principal ports, and returning to England via San Francisco and New York.

The following is the order of Service at St. John's Cathedral to-morrow, (8rd Sunday after Easter):

Morning Prayer, Sermon and Holy Communion, at 11.—Reader, The Colonial Chaplain; Preacher, The Bishop of Victoria; First Lesson, Numbers XXII; Second Lesson, Luke XXI. from v. 34; Venite, No. 7; Monks; Psalm, No. 26 and 27; Monks; Te Deum, No. 11; Mercer Benediction, No. 9; Mercer Anthem, "My God, how wonderful thou art," No. 169; Kyrie, Miss de Angelis; Hymn, "Jesus, gentlest Saviour," No. 82.

Evening Prayer and Sermon, at 4.—Reader, The Colonial Chaplain; Preacher, The Colonial Chaplain; First Lesson, Numbers XXII; Second Lesson, Theodolinda, 1; Psalm, No. 23; Monks; Cantate Domino, No. 118; Monks; Deus Misereatur, No. 8; Monks; First Hymn, "O let him whose sorrow," 288; Second Hymn, "Bark, bark my soul," No. 223.

The case between Jardine Matheson & Co. and Goto Shojiro, relative to the Takashima Coal Mine, has been arranged, the defendant submitting to a verdict for eleven hundred thousand dollars.

The Japan Herald, (25 April) says:—One of the O. & O. Company's ships has again made one of those fast passages for which the line has become celebrated. The *Belgic* left here for San Francisco on the 27th March, and on the 21st inst. telegram was received here, dated New York, the 18th inst., acknowledging receipt of letters by her. The *Belgic* must therefore have made the passage in about 18 days, and the mails for Europe, which would leave New York on Saturday, would be due in England on the 27th instant, thus arriving in only 31 days from Yokohama.

Police Intelligence.

(Before the Hon C. B. Plunkett.)
Saturday, 3rd May.

STORING TIMBER ON CROWN LAND.
Chan Aon, Master of the Kwong Li boat-bullers' shop, was fined \$2 for storing timber on Crown Land, near the Civil Hospital.

FINDING WHAT WASN'T LOST.
Chun Ahol, a farmer, unemployed, was charged with stealing two water buckets at Hong Nam. He said that on the way home from the theatre, seeing the two buckets, he thought perhaps no one would claim them, so carried them off and was arrested. He admitted that he had been in goal a good many times, but he could not say how many.

Five previous convictions were produced. His Worship sentenced the unemployed farmer to six months' imprisonment, the first and last fourteen days in solitary confinement, on rice and water, the rest with hard labour.

JACK ANHORE.
George Sweeney, seaman Sailors' Home, and Frederick John Sharp, marine, R.M.S. *Moore*, were each fined \$1 for drunkenness, with the alternative of four days' hard labour.

DON'T DO IT AGAIN.
Chun A Wan, a coolie, was charged with a somewhat unusual offence, which on the charge sheet was described as disorderly conduct and damaging property.—Chun A Mul, the inmate of a brother, stated that the defendant visited her, in the course of the day he blackened a towel and wanted her to wipe her face with it. She refused, and that he wanted to force her to do it. A policeman was called in, and defendant given into custody. The constable stated that he found the man sitting on the bed quietly smoking. His Worship discharged the man with a caution.

THE FIGHT ON BOARD SHIP.
Li Ashing, Tang Aik, Te Aluk, Wong Afuk, Ip Alam, coolies, and Sheik Kasim, fireman S. S. *Adria*, were charged by Sheik Mudagy, Serang of the *Adria*, with assaulting him and creating a disturbance on board the vessel. The sixth defendant was further charged with being drunk on board. It appears that the sixth defendant was drunk, and interfered with the Chinese coolies, who were discharging the cargo, and the consequence was that they turned upon him and a free fight took place between the Chinese and the Lascars on board. One Lascar was thrown overboard by the first and third defendant, and had a rope not been thrown to him by one of the sailors a charge of murder might have had to be answered by the defendants. The Chief Officer (Mr. Case) said that he witnessed the disturbance on board. The Chinese appeared to be very excited. He was under the impression that the man who got in the water jumped overboard. The Serang did not provoke the assault in any way so far as he could see. The defendants were so excited that they struck at any one they came across. The sixth defendant admitted being drunk, and was fined \$5, with the alternative of fourteen days' hard labour; the second defendant was fined \$1 with the alternative of four days' hard labour, and the others were sent to fourteen days' hard labour each.

CORRESPONDENCE.

JENKINS.
To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL."

SIR,—Observing the spirit in which a portion of the Press here has gone in for reporting the visit of General Grant, I have ascertained, by means of a friend of mine who has a friend, who is a friend of a man who is a bedroom "boy" at Government House, that General Grant last night went to his virtuous couch at 22½ minutes past 11; he had no "night cap." In the morning he drank a glass of water, and "in the course of conversation," which the opposition reporter only heard through the key-hole and of which therefore he is only able to give a meagre and unsatisfactory account, the General said he believed it to be the best tonic in the world. We understand the General, however, occasionally patronizes Ena's Fruit Salt. We are in a position to state on authority that His Excellency and the General did not have brandy and soda in the verandah before they retired; His Excellency had whiskey and water; he drank "laley," bottled by Sir E. Burnet & Co., from Watson and Co.'s stores. The General drank Old Tom supplied by Lane Crawford & Co. The Governor slept in pyjamas, which is his nightly habit. The General did otherwise. We are informed it is arranged that they do the same to-morrow night.

P.S.—With respect, Sir, I may mention that you can have as much of the same sort of the above as you require, at reasonable terms. It all depends upon how you stump up whether I shall send you any more or no.

NEWS BY THE ENGLISH MAIL.

The P. & O. steamer *Lombardy*, Captain Hall, after a very good run of a little over 54 days, arrived this morning with the English Mail of the 29th March.

REUTERS' TELEGRAMS.

(For Straits Times.)
London, April 22.—Latest advices from Capetown are dated 8th April, and bring news of Lord Chelmsford having reached Gingolore on 6th inst. His camp at Gingolore has been repeatedly attacked by upwards of 15,000 Zulus but they were repulsed with heavy loss.
Lord Chelmsford effected the relief of Khowe on the night of 4th April, the total loss on the side of the British was 320. Khowe has been attacked, Col. Pearson

returning to Tugela. 1,200 Zulus were killed in the engagement of 2nd inst.
London, April 22.—It is announced that the British Government has decided to recall Mr. Rivers Wilson.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

(From Indian Papers.)
London, April 14th.—The news wired on Saturday last from London that Lord Salisbury had received an offer from the Sultan to depose the Khedive is entirely unconfirmed. The Sultan has decided nothing as yet. An envoy from the Khedive to the Sultan has left Egypt for Constantinople. The French Government will act in accord with the British Government as regards Egypt.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—The perpetrator of the attempted assassination of the Czar is one Jean Skoloff, an employee in the Finance Department. Four shots were fired, but the Czar was unharmed. Extraordinary enthusiasm and joy at his escape have been displayed here by the people.

Adras, April 16.—The latest news from Mandalay reports everything quiet, but in order to be prepared for the worst, the Government has given orders that one of the Irrawaddy Flotilla Company's steamers shall remain at Mandalay, with fires banked, in case Mr. Shaw may deem it necessary to leave the city.

Bombay, April 15.—Finlay, Scott and Company have suspended payment. They have liabilities of thirty lacs, but it is not expected to affect Bombay much. One of the corresponding firms in London is Baring Brothers.

London, April 16.—The Times publishes a letter from Cairo, showing that the action of the Khedive embodied the policy of Egypt for the Egyptians, and that a more generally all classes will support him. The difficulty of European intervention is thus greatly increased.

Bombay, April 17.—The Bank of Bengal issues £120,000 and the Bank of Bombay Rs. 60,000 by Finlay, Scott and Company's failure, which, it is said, will not affect Baring Brothers, of London.

London, April 17.—Advices from Capetown dated 1st April state that the force destined to relieve Colonel Pearson at Khowe started from Natal on the 28th March. The force consists of 6,000 men of all arms, besides two Gatling guns, two field guns, and several rockets. Col. Lauder commands the advance guard and Col. Pomberton the rear guard. The relieving column was quite well on the 30th March, and Col. Pearson had not called that he saw the vanquished. On the 27th he signalled that 200 of his garrison were disabled and only 500 were then effective. A force of 35,000 Zulus await the relieving column.

St. Petersburg, April 17.—It has been ascertained that the name of the perpetrator of the attempted assassination of the Czar is Skoloff, a schoolmaster, and not Ivan Skoloff as stated. The Czar, in reply to the congratulations on his escape announced the extraordinary measures that would now be taken.

London, April 17.—At the Oriental Bank meeting to-day the conduct of the Directors was approved by Lord Lawrence, Admiral Commerell, and others who were present, and the report was unanimously carried.

London, April 17.—The Chancellor of the Exchequer, replying to a question, said that the Government has no information of the further advance of our troops in Afghanistan and that the home Government had not ordered it.

Calcutta, April 14.—Major Macpherson's brigade advanced from Jellalabad on the 12th to Gundamuck, towards Kabul, also the 10th Hussars, horse artillery, Colonel Delatour's mountain battery and the 17th Foot from Putehhabad. The beat at Jellalabad is very great.

Lahore, April 16.—Advices from Kabul to the Civil and Military Gazette report that the Afghan troops are being daily reinforced, and that the Ameer is making preparations for an obstinate defence. The Government proposition of sending Major General Cavagnar as an envoy to Kabul is reported to have failed.

Lahore, April 16.—There will be an immediate advance of the first division of the third brigade under Brigadier Appleyard, who remains at Jellalabad. Major-General Maude has been transferred to the first division. Col. Bright commands the second division. Col. Colley will be the chief of the staff.

(L. and O. Express, Mar. 28.)
There is a reason to believe that Captain P. H. Colomb will be appointed to the command of the *Vernon*, torpedo school, at Portsmouth, on Captain Arthur completing his period of service in April. Captain Colomb was last employed as flag-captain to Vice-Admiral Ryder, when commander-in-chief on the China station from 1st September, 1874, to December, 1877.

The *Nassau*, a surveying vessel, Commander Lang, arrived in Plymouth Sound on the 20th inst., from the China Station, having exchanged news with the *Maple*, surveying vessel, before leaving station. She was fitted out at Sheerness in 1873, and recommissioned at Hongkong in 1877. She will pay off at Sheerness.

A musician of the second division of Marines at Wilhelmshaven Herr Eckert, has been appointed by the Japanese Government director of the *dette* musical corps at Tokio. Herr Eckert is to organize the Japanese military music after the German fashion.

The *Ducray*, a double-screw composite gun-vessel, will be commissioned at Portsmouth on the 7th prox., for service on the China Station.

Mr. Edison has exhibited the working of his incandescent light in New York with excellent results. Mr. Edison states that he can now supply light for practical domestic use at half the cost of gas.

Mr. James Mongen, Consul at Canton, has obtained an extension of leave, and will not leave until June. Mr. F. J. Hughes returns from China on leave in April, and we hear has withdrawn his resignation.

The German Ambassador to Japan, Herr Von. Blumenthal, will in a few days return to his post at Tokio, when the pending negotiations about a revision of the Treaty of 1870 are to be resumed on the basis of certain proposals submitted by the Japanese Government.

Mr. Buxton asked the Postmaster-General what number and amount of penalties have been incurred by the P. & O. Company during the last eleven years; how many have been remitted and how many exacted, if it is the case that although the tenders had to be made under the absolute penalty condition in the contract itself, the liability has been commuted for a sum of £10,000, and if the absolute penalty clause was suggested by the P. & O. Company; and if he is aware that the effect of it has been to prevent other companies tendering, as they

had no guarantee that there would be a remission in their case under any circumstances whatever.

Lord J. Manners, in reply, said during the last eleven years the number of voyages on which penalties were incurred by the Company was 345, and the amount of such penalties was £65,900. Of this sum, £7,000 was remitted on account of 27 voyages, and the balance (£58,900) exacted. The form of tender for the service recently contracted for was based upon a system of absolute penalties. But persons tendering were invited to say what deductions they would agree to in the subsidy, if the penalties, instead of being absolute, were made conditional. The Company in their tender offered to abate £10,000 a year in such case, and Clause 60 of the contract gave the Postmaster-General the power to avail himself of the offer. The absolute penalty clause in the last contract was not suggested by the Company, but was insisted upon by the Post-office. He was not aware that the effect had been to prevent other companies from tendering.

Over fifty thousand tea plants, says the *Scientific American*, have been distributed lately in the Middle and Southern States by the Bureau of Agriculture. In three or four years these plants will be large enough to permit a full picking of the leaves. Experiments have been made with tea leaves grown in the grounds of the department and in the South, after Japan methods, the product being pronounced an excellent Oolong by dealers and experts. The only present obstacle to the profitable cultivation of tea in this country on a large scale is the amount of hand labour required in curing the leaves. The Commissioner is confident that American ingenuity can produce machinery by means of which the preparation of the leaves may be effected better and cheaper than is possible even with "Chinese cheap labour." There is no good reason why any family having a garden plot in the southern and middle portions of the United States should not produce with little trouble all the tea needed for home consumption, without elaborate machinery.

The Government have come to an arrangement as to laying a telegraph cable to the Cape. It is to be manufactured by the Telegraph Construction and Maintenance Company, and the route is to be from Aden to Zanzibar, thence to Mozambique, Delagoa Bay, and Natal. This will connect the Cape with the whole Eastern system of telegraphy, which extends to India, China, Australia, New Zealand, &c., and is free from the objection of going through possibly hostile country. The contractors engage to lay the line from Durban to Zanzibar before the end of July, the whole to be completed before the end of November. The Companies have been satisfied as to the guarantees of the various Governments. The sum is not definitely fixed, but it will amount to not less than £60,000 a year.

The Royal plate at Windsor, of which an inventory has just been taken, is stated to be of the value of £1,800,000. It includes a gold service, ordered by George IV., which will dine 140 persons, and one of the finest wine-coolers in the world, added to the collection by the same monarch; a shield formed of snuff-boxes worth £9,000, and thirty dozen plates, worth £10,000. There are also a variety of pieces brought from abroad and India. The latter include a peacock of precious stones of every description, worth £30,000, and Tippeo's foot-stool, a tiger's head with crystal teeth and a solid ingot of gold for his tongue.

On the 22nd inst. the annual report of the Deutsche Dampfschiff-Rhederei (German Steamship Company) for the past year was published. It appears that the result of the year cannot be called a favourable one; the outward voyages, as well as most of the coasting trips in China, upon which the steamers of the Company have been employed, have not been remunerative, the slight profits in most cases being absorbed by the low homeward rates of freight, which, being sometimes as small as £1 to £1 10s, led to a loss (which added to that of former years) amounts to the considerable sum of £1,362,288.04 (£66,000). In this sum, however, are comprised £493,299, representing a loss incurred by the sale or exchange of the two steamships *Galatea* and *Egeria*, which, being found unsuitable for the trade of the Company, were handed over to the firm Dubs and Co., of Govan, in part payment for two new steamers built by that firm. These steamers, of which the first is at present loading here, are called the *Electra* and *Lydia*, and are esteemed especially adapted for the trade to the East, as well as on the China coast. The value of the steamers of the company is booked as follows:—*Atlanta*, m. 280,000; *Bellona*, m. 250,000; *Cassandra*, m. 400,000; *Eretria*, m. 500,000; *Hesperia*, m. 600,000; *Olympia*, m. 250,000; *Electra* (portion paid), m. 441,867; *Lydia* (portion paid), m. 384,681. These sums, in most instances, are moderate, and as there are signs of a slight improvement in the trade, and low prices rule for coal, &c., next year probably would yield a small dividend to the shareholders, but for the above named losses of m. 1,362,288. If these could be done away with the position of the company would be quite satisfactory, and the managers therefore have proposed the same remedy to the shareholders, which some time since was employed by the Hamburg-American Company, namely, a reduction of the paid-up capital to the extent of 33½ per cent. If this proposition should be accepted by the shareholders, the present shares of m. 1,000 will be exchanged for shares of the value of m. 1,000.

Latest Mail Advices.—Yokohama (via San Francisco) Feb. 15, Shanghai 15, Foochow 14, Hong Kong 22. The P. and O. mail, from Yokohama 6th, Shanghai 8th, Hong Kong 16th, Singapore 22nd Feb, was received, via Brindisi, on the 22nd inst, two days early, and the Japan advices, via San Francisco, on the 24th inst. The French mail, with the advices dated as above, from China and the Straits Settlements, reached London, via Naples, this day, three days in advance of due date. The steamer *Minotaur*, with the heavy portion of the P. and O. inward mail, left Gibraltar for Southampton on the 25th inst.

Hamburg departures have been numerous, being favoured by a fair wind and clear weather. The arrivals from the Far East have been the *Japan*, Walter, from Hong Kong; *Glengairn*, Brown, from Hong Kong; *Walter Steyrlitz*, "alp, from Foochow; the only departure being the *Olaf*, s.s. Andreasen, for Hong Kong. On the berth are at present for China, &c., *Electra*, s.s. (Deutsche Dampfschiff-Rhederei), Boehme, commander, to leave 81st March; *Peruvia*, Crowbie, to leave at the end of this week for Penang and Singapore; *Trizon*, Kallen, and *Adolph Horn*, both for Hong Kong; and *Henriette Behn*, Schaeffelt, for Manila.

Intelligence has been received at St. Petersburg from Yanco that the Chinese troops have massacred one thousand people

at Tash-Balik, near the Kulja frontier, and at Oofali, three miles from Kashgar, for assisting the insurgents during the recent raid of Khaklu Khan. Three thousand Mussulman refugees have arrived at the Russian lines along the Arghash, seeking protection from the Chinese. An intermittent war between the Chinese and the Kirghiz still continues.

At the annual meeting of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, on the 18th prox. the directors will recommend a dividend for the half-year ended Dec. 31 last at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum (free of income-tax), making, with the interim dividend in October last, 5 per cent. for the whole year. The balance carried forward will be £8,766 18s. 6d.

The s.s. *Wuhu*, Capt. Tapp, iron twin-screw steamer, recently launched and fitted up by Messrs. Scott and Co., of the Gravel Shipyard, left the Victoria Harbour, Greenock, March 18, for the Garocho to adjust compasses, &c. While lying in the Victoria Harbour fitting out, this steamer was visited by a large number of people, in consequence of her novel and peculiar build. After coaling, the *Wuhu* will shortly leave Greenock for Liverpool, and thence proceed to China, to be employed on the Yangtze service of Messrs. Butterfield and Swire. We hear that Messrs. Scott and Co. have contracted for another of similar construction.

China.

FOOCHOW.

(Herald, April 24th.)
Rather an ingenious fraud was reported to us a few days ago. A native bullion broker called upon one of the gold shops in the City, and offered four gold bars for sale. The proper weight of a native gold bar is understood to be 11s. 10. Four bars should therefore weigh 47s. 40. But in this case the vendor declared that the four bars together weighed only 38s. The proprietor of the gold shop put the bars in a scale and found that they weighed the customary weight (47s. 10 each). He was over-greedy, however, and, thinking that there was a mistake on the right side, turned to the broker and said,—"It is true the four bars weigh only 38s. As you state, but I will take them at that weight." A bargain was struck, the money paid, and the vendor was about to leave the shop, when, as if suddenly inspired with a happy thought, he said to the bullion dealer,—"Perhaps you would not object to giving me an acknowledgment in writing of the weight, so that in the event of there being any dispute hereafter I may be cleared?" The dealer fell into the trap, gave a written acknowledgment that the bars weighed only 38s. and retired, no doubt well pleased with his bargain. But later on, it was (as I) discovered that the gold bars were partly iron. The bullion dealer was, of course, frantic; but to no purpose.—s on examination the gold bars were found to weigh together 47s. 40, and the broker's receipt was for 11s. 38 weight. The outwitted dealer lost, we hear, about \$1000 by this creditable transaction.

SHANGHAI.

(Mercury.)

A somewhat singular case is reported shortly to be coming off at the Mixed Court. Some fourteen years ago the proprietress of a questionable house bought a little girl. She has spent considerable sums of money on her, in educating her and bringing her to a state of beauty and culture, which she fondly hoped would enable her to sell her at a proper age to some rich man. The old woman now having become very poor, thought the time had come for her to realize, and in order to do so, offered to sell her for a moderate price. Two other women made their appearance, and saying they had a demand for such a girl in a certain quarter, asked to be allowed to take the maiden and shew her to the would-be purchaser. The proprietress, having no suspicions, consented, but accompanied the trio a few feet to a house having all the appearance of respectability. She was here told to wait outside, while the others entered. Presently a servant came out of the house and told the woman that she must go, and return on the following day for the answer. Still doubting nothing, she acted on the information; but on her return the following day, the people of the house declared that there was a great mistake, as she had no such person there as she said had entered the house. The poor woman was nearly distracted at the deception that had been practised upon her; and at once proceeded to the Mixed Court and lodged a complaint. The two women have been found and arrested; but the young girl has not been recovered.

Japan.

(Mail.)

It is reported, says the *Hochi Shimshun*, that the Chinese Minister for some unknown reason will return home shortly, but his departure is said to have no reference whatever to the intercourse between Japan and China.

Mr. Yoshikawa, the Director of Telegraphs, accompanied by Nakano, his subordinate officer, left this port for Hongkong en route to England, by the S. S. *Zanis*, which sailed on the 10th inst. He was admitted to an audience with H. M. the Emperor on the 6th inst.

Major Okamoto who has been detained in custody through being implicated in the Takabashi mutiny, was, on 6th inst., deprived of his official rank and decorations and prohibited re-entering both the Civil and Military service for life. Captains Teuda and Kai were on the same day deprived of their decorations.

The total value of the Japanese articles sold in the recent French Exhibition was about yen 633,000.

A further sum of yen 18,000 has been added to the sum of yen 10,000 intended to cover all expenses connected with the Sydney Exhibition. It has also been decided that the Government will pay the freight of the articles from Yokohama to Sydney, and that two officers will be sent to the latter port. The native merchants of Nagasaki are negotiating for the establishment of a Chamber of Commerce in that port. Hiogo Kojuro of Kiyoto, at present staying in this port, is said to have prepared a material for dyeing, called Perence (?) out of the blood of oxen killed at the butcheries. He has applied to the authorities for permission to establish a manufactory for it. The matches manufactured by the Shinshu Company are being exported to Switzerland in large quantities. It is said that the export of these articles has been so large that the 43 match factories which formerly

existed in that country are now reduced to only 12.

The samples of the first crop of the new Suruga tea have already arrived in Yokohama. Their prices however have not yet been fixed.

There having been an unusually heavy fall of snow in Kushiro, Yezo and its neighbourhood, since the beginning of the year, deer hunting has been very successful. About 100 hunters, together with the natives of the islands, are said to have taken about 100,000 head of game.

The Kumamoto *shikoku* who attempted to revolt against the Government in the month of January last, received their sentences on the 27th ultimo. Inako was sentenced to degradation from the rank of *shizoku* and 18 months' imprisonment; Iida and Kobayashi, to degradation from the rank of *shizoku* and 12 months' imprisonment; and, Munasaki and Magurikaji, to degradation from the rank of *shizoku* and 6 months' imprisonment.

A fire broke out in Honfusa-cho, Tokio, on the night of the 6th instant extending over Murokami, Nagahamacho, Anjinocho, and Hon-dawaracho, destroying about 180 houses. Various sums of money have been presented by several gentlemen, to the people rendered homeless by this fire.

A fire broke out on the morning of the 8th instant, in Kitakyoshimicho, Asakusa, Tokio, and was not extinguished until 135 houses had been destroyed and 11 damaged. Mr. Reed and his son took their departure for Europe, via the United States, in the O. & O. steamship *Gaelic*, on Friday morning. On the previous evening he was entertained by some of the merchants of Yokohama in the Maehigashio. Several high Japanese officials both of Yokohama and Tokio were present on the occasion. During the evening music was performed by the Japanese Band. The Maehigashio was illuminated on the occasion, and a display of fireworks by the noted Mr. Hirayama took place, but unfortunately owing to the miserable state of the weather this feature in the proceedings was not a great success. On the previous Wednesday, Mr. Reed was admitted to an audience of the Emperor for the purpose of taking leave of His Majesty.

The Imperial Chinese Customs *Gazette* for the last quarter of 1878 indicates a trifling revival of trade in the North of China, especially in Nowohwang, Henan, Chefoo, and Shanghai also has witnessed an improved condition of affairs. Not so with the South, the returns whence almost without exception indicate dulness and depression. Ningpo, Wenchow, and Foochow are all struggling against calamity. Formosa ceases to absorb imports; and has hardly any exports with the exception of tea. Amoy is described as rapidly losing its hold upon foreign trade, and also dealing only in tea. Of all the Southern ports Swatow alone shows signs of an increasing commerce; but even there the staple sugar industry has during the past two years experienced a decided check. We learn that the wasteful methods of extraction, and the heavy duties levied, prevent Chinese sugar from entering into successful competition with the produce of more favoured countries.

Whatever may be said as to the dulness of trade in Japan, it does not appear to lack variety. It is reported that by a steamship recently leaving Kobe an enterprising native of the Middle Kingdom shipped thirty-four atties of dried centipedes to China, where they are in demand as an ingredient of medicines for the cure of a variety of serious ailments. Owing, it is said, to the supply of centipedes being short in China—a statement which visitors to some parts of China may be inclined to doubt—the price had risen to a figure that promised a respectable return on the consignment. We should imagine that Singapore might enter the market as a competitor in this branch of trade. If this sort of thing goes on we shall have breeding farms established for centipedes.

Mr. F. Krebs, who has filled the post of manager of the Mitsui Bishi Company since its commencement, was a passenger by the O. & O. steamship *Gaelic* on Thursday. He proceeds home on a short leave of absence, partly on the company's business, and partly to recruit his health, which it is hoped a trip to Europe will thoroughly restore. As a mark of the esteem in which he is held, an address was a few days before his departure, presented to him which had been signed by the whole of the shore employees, and all the head officers alike.

The Minister of Justice has recently notified the Presidents of the law courts to supply him with the names of all the lawyers practising in their courts, who are of good behaviour, well acquainted with the laws and Government regulations, and who are, in their opinion, fitted for discharging the duties of Judges should they be required to do so.

Shipping Intelligence.

The following is corrected from the latest London and Colonial Papers, &c.—
VESSELS TO ARRIVE.
AT HONGKONG.

AT HONGKONG,		
When left.	Name.	From.
Oct.		
18, Ernst,		Antwerp
19, Rosine,		Cardiff
19, Hermann,		Brem.
Nov.		
21, Fulda,		Hamburg
29, Rosaire,		Cardiff
Dec.		
18, Blenheim,		Flushing
23, Glamis Castle,		Cardiff
Feb.		
2, Vale o' Doon,		Antwerp
12, Edward Barrow,		Hamburg
13, South American,		Penarth
13, Vigilant,		Cardiff
22, Grosvenor Constantine,		Hamburg
23, Agnes Muir,		London
23, Monte Rosa,		Cardiff
23, G. C. Truant,		Cardiff
26, Patroclus (s.),		Liverpool

POSTAL RATES.

[Subjoined we give the postal rates now in force for transmission of correspondence to all parts of the world. Detailed rules affecting the transmission of packets, parcels, &c., will be found annexed, together with a number of miscellaneous and useful notices.]

Hongkong Rates of Postage

(Revised April 4th, 1879.)

In the following Statements and Tables the Rates are given in cents, and are, for Letters, per half ounce, for Books and Patterns, per two ounces.

Newspapers over four ounces in weight are charged as double, treble, &c., as the case may be, but such papers or packets of papers may be sent at Book Rate. Two Newspapers must not be folded together as one, nor must anything whatever be inserted except bona fide Supplements. Printed matter may, however, be enclosed, if the whole be paid at Book Rate. Prices Current may be paid either as Newspapers or Books.

Commercial Papers signify such papers as, though Written by Hand, do not bear the character of an actual or personal correspondence, such as invoices, deeds, copied music, &c. Any of them in a Book Packet expose it to the higher charges stated below.

The sender of any Registered Article may accompany it with a Return Receipt on paying an extra fee of 4 cents.

The limit of weight for Books and Commercial Papers to Foreign Post Offices is 4 lbs. Patterns for such offices are limited to 8 ounces, and must not exceed these dimensions: 8 inches by 4 inches by 2 inches.

N.B. means No Registration.

Countries of the Postal Union.

The Union may be taken to comprise Europe, most foreign possessions in Asia, Japan, W. Africa, Egypt, Mauritius, N. America, Mexico, Salvador, Chili, Brazil, Peru, the Argentine Republic, Jamaica, Trinidad, Guiana, Honduras, Bermuda, Labuan, with all Danish, French, Colonies, and Portuguese and Spanish Colonies.

Countries not in the Union.—The chief countries not in the Union are the Australasian group.

Postage to Union Countries.

General Rates, by any route:—
Letters, 8 cents per ½ oz.
Post Cards, 4 cents each.
Registration, 8 cents.
Newspapers, 2 cents each.
Books and Patterns, 2 cents per 2 oz.
Commercial Papers, 6 cents per 4 oz.

Exceptional rates, to the United Kingdom and Union Countries served through the United Kingdom via Brindisi only:—

Letters, 12 cents per ½ oz.
Post Cards, 6 cents each.
Registration, 8 cents.
Newspapers, 4 cents each.
Books and Patterns, 4 cents per 2 oz.
Commercial Papers, 8 cents per 4 oz.

There is no charge on redirected correspondence within the Postal Union.

Postage to Non-Union Countries.

Asipwall (N.E.), Bahamas, Guatemala (N.E.), Haiti (N.E.), New Granada (N.E.), Panama (N.E.), and Venezuela (N.E.):—

Letters, 12 30 34
Registration, None 8 6
Newspapers, 4 4 6
Books & Patterns, 6 6 8

Bolivia, Costa Rica (N.E.), Ecuador (N.E.), Nicaragua (N.E.):—

Letters, 20 30 34
Newspapers, 4 4 6
Books & Patterns, 12 6 8
Registration, 8 None None

Hawaiian Kingdom:—

Letters, 12 12 16
Registration, None None None
Newspapers, 4 4 6
Books & Patterns, 6 6 8

W. Indies (except as above), Paraguay, Uruguay:—

Letters, — 30 34
Newspapers, — 4 6
Books & Patterns, — 6 8
Registration, — 8 8

to British & Union

to West Indies only, — 8 8

Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, Fiji, Natal, Cape, St. Helena, Ascension.

Letters, by Contract Packet 24; by Private Ship 12, Registration, 8; Newspapers, 8; Books and Patterns, 4.

* A small extra charge is made on delivery.

LOCAL AND TOWN POSTAGE.

Within any Town or Settlement, or between Hongkong, Canton, and Macao, in either direction, 2 8 2 2

Between any other two of the following places (through British Office) viz.—Hongkong, Macao, Forts of China and Japan, Bangkok, Cochinchina, Yonkin, and the Philippines, by Private Ship, 4 8 2 2

Between the above by Contract Mail, 8 8 2 2

Any publication fulfilling the conditions stated named can pass as a newspaper.

The conditions are as follows:—
1st. The publication must consist wholly in great part of political or other news, of articles relating thereto, or to other recent topics, with or without advertisements.

2nd. It must be published in numbers at intervals of not more than 31 days, and be printed on a sheet or sheets unbound.

3rd. The full title and date of publication must be printed at the top of the first page, and the whole or part of the title and date of publication at the top of every subsequent page, and this regulation applies to Tables of Contents and Indices.

4th. A supplement must consist wholly or in great part of matter like that of a newspaper, or of advertisements, printed on a sheet or sheets, or a piece or pieces of paper, uncut, or wholly or in part of engravings, prints, or lithographs illustrative of articles in the newspaper. The supplement must in every case be published with the newspaper, and must have the title and date of publication of the newspaper printed at the top of every page; or, if it consists of engravings, prints, or lithographs, at the top of every sheet or side.

A packet containing two or more newspapers is not chargeable with a higher rate of postage than would be chargeable on a book packet of the same weight.

The postage must be prepaid either by an adhesive stamp, or by the use of a stamped wrapper.

Every newspaper must be posted either without a cover (in which case it must not be fastened, whether by means of gum, water, sealing wax, postage stamp, or otherwise), or in a cover entirely open at both ends, so as to admit of easy removal for examination. If this rule be infringed the newspaper is treated as a letter.

Every newspaper must be so folded, as to admit of the title being readily inspected.

A newspaper or packet of newspapers which contains any enclosure except supplements is charged as a letter, unless the enclosure be such as might be sent at the book rate of postage, and the entire packet be sufficiently prepaid as a book packet, in which case it is allowed to pass.

A newspaper which has any letter, or any communication of the nature of a letter, written in it or upon its cover, is charged as an unpaid or insufficiently paid letter.

No packet of newspapers may be above ½ lbs. in weight, nor above two feet in length, one foot in width, nor one in depth.

A book-packet may contain any number of separate books or other publications (including printed or lithographed letters), photographs (when not on glass or in cases containing glass or any like substance), drawings, prints, or maps, and any quantity of paper, or other substance in ordinary use for writing or printing upon; and the books or other publications, prints, maps, &c., may be either printed, written, engraved, lithographed, or plain, or any mixture of these. Further, all legitimate binding, mounting, or covering of a book, &c., or of a portion thereof, is allowed, whether such binding, &c. be loose or attached; and also rollers in the case of prints or maps, markers (whether of paper or otherwise) in the case of books, pens or pencils in the case of pocket-books, &c., and, in short, whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of such articles, or usually appertaining thereto; but the binding, rollers, &c. must not be sent as a separate packet.

Circulars, &c., letters which are intended for transmission in identical terms to several persons, and the whole or the greater part of which is printed, engraved, or lithographed, may also be sent by book post.

But a book-packet may not contain any letter, or communication of the nature of a letter (whether separate or otherwise), unless it be a circular-letter or be wholly printed; nor any enclosure sealed or in any way closed against inspection. If this rule be infringed, the entire packet is charged as a letter.

A book-packet may be posted either without a cover (in which case it must not be fastened, whether by means of gum, water, sealing wax, postage stamp, or otherwise) or in a cover entirely open at both ends, so as to admit of the contents being easily withdrawn for examination; or otherwise it is treated as a letter. For the greater security of the contents, however, it may be tied at the ends with string; Postmasters being authorised to cut the string in such case, although if they do so they must again tie up the packet.

No book-packet may be above ½ lbs. in weight, nor above 24 inches in length, 12 inches in width, or 12 inches in depth, unless it be sent to or from one of the Government offices.

When, owing to a great and unusual influx of letters, books, &c., the transmission or delivery of the letters would be delayed if the whole mail were dealt with without distinction, book-packets may be kept back till the next despatch or delivery.

PATTERNS.

They must not be of intrinsic value. This rule excludes all articles of a saleable nature, and indeed whatever may have a value of its own, apart from its mere use as a pattern; and the quantity of any material sent as a pattern must not be so great that it can fairly be considered as having on this ground an intrinsic value.

Pattern and Sample Post to colonies and foreign countries is restricted to bona fide trade patterns or samples of merchandise.

Goods sent for sale, or in execution of an order (however small the quantity may be), or any articles sent by one private individual to another, which are not actual patterns or samples, are not admissible.

Patterns or samples, when practicable, must be in covers open at the ends, and in such a manner as to be easy of examination. Samples of seeds, drugs, and such like articles, which cannot be sent in covers of this kind, but such articles only, may be packed enclosed in boxes, or bags of linen or other material, fastened in such a manner that they may be readily opened, or, in the case of seeds &c., in bags entirely closed, provided such closed bags are transparent, so as to enable the Officers of the Post Office readily to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents.

There must be no writing or printing upon or in any packet except the address of the person for whom it is intended, the address of the sender, a trade mark or number, and the price of the articles.

The rule which forbids the transmission through the Post of any article likely to injure the contents of any Mail Bags or Boxes, or the person of any Officer of the Post Office, is, of course, applicable to the Pattern Post; and a packet containing anything of the kind will be stopped, and not sent to its destination. Articles such as the following have been occasionally posted as Patterns, and have been detained as unfit for the Post, viz: Metal boxes, porcelain and China, fruit, vegetables, bunches

of flowers, cuttings of plants, spurs, knives, scissors, needles, pins, pieces of machinery, sharp pointed instruments, samples of metal, samples of ore, samples in glass bottles, pieces of glass, acids of various kinds, curry combs, copper and steel engraving plates, and confectionery of all kinds.

Such articles as scissors, knives, razors, forks, metal pens, nails, keys, watch machinery, metal tubing, pieces of metal or ore, provided that they be packed and guarded in so secure a manner as to afford complete protection to the contents of the mail bags and to the Officers of the Post Office, whilst at the same time they may be easily examined, may be sent as samples. Indigo cannot be sent to any place.

To provide the greatest possible facilities for posting Correspondence for Europe, &c., up to the latest moment before the departure of the French Packets, arrangements have been made for receiving at the Post Office late letters—except those to and through Australia—from 11.15 A.M. to 11.30 A.M. Each letter must bear a late fee of 18 cents extra postage.

A similar supplementary Mail is made up for Shanghai by the English and French Contract Steamers, the late letters being received from 10 minutes after, up to half an hour after the time of closing. The late fee is also 18 cents.

Miscellaneous Notices.

Local Delivery.

1. All correspondence posted before 5 p.m. on any week day for addresses in Victoria will be delivered the same day, and generally within two hours, unless the delivery should be retarded by the Contract Mails.

2. Invitations, &c., can generally be delivered within Victoria at the private houses of the addressees rather than at places of business, if a wish to that effect be expressed by the sender, otherwise all correspondence is invariably delivered at the nearest place of business. (See Local Guide, par. 103.)

3. Boxholders who desire to send Circulars, Dividend Warrants, Invitations, Cards, &c., all of the same weight, to addresses in Hongkong, Shanghai, or the Ports of China and Japan, may deliver them to the Post Office unsealed, the postage being then charged to the sender's account. Each batch must consist of at least ten.

4. Boxholders may also send Patterns to the same places in the same way. Envelopes containing Patterns may be wholly closed if the nature of the contents be first exhibited or stated to the Postmaster General, as he may consider necessary, and approved by him. Printed Circulars may be inserted in such Pattern Closures.

Local Parcel Post.

1. Small Parcels may be sent by Post between any of the British Ports in China or Japan, as well as to Macao, Fakhoh, Singapore, Penang, and Malacca.

2. Parcels must not exceed the following dimensions: 2 feet long, 1 foot broad, 1 foot deep, nor weigh more than 11 lbs. The postage will be 20 cents per lb., which will include Registration. The parcels may be wholly closed if they bear this special endorsement, PARCEL, CONTAINING NO LETTERS; but any parcel may be opened by direction of the Postmaster General.

3. The following cannot be transmitted: Parcels insufficiently packed or protected, or liable to be crushed (as bandboxes, &c.); Glass, Liquids, Explosive substances, Matches, Indigo, Dyestuffs, Ice, Meat, Fish, Game, Fruit, Vegetables, or whatever is dangerous to the Mails, or likely to become offensive or injurious in transit.

4. Parcels will as a general rule be forwarded by Private Ship, not by Contract Mail Packet. The Post Office reserves the right of selecting the opportunity for transmission, and of delaying delivery in case the number of parcels is such as to retard other correspondence. No responsibility is accepted with regard to any parcel, but the system of Registration will secure the sender against any but a very remote probability of loss.

5. The public are cautioned not to confound these facilities with a Parcel Post to Europe, &c., which does not exist.

Mails exchanged with Manila and Saigon.

The Philippine Islands being now admitted into the General Postal Union, it follows that all paid correspondence received from Manila in the mails will be delivered free by this Office, and that all paid correspondence sent to Manila in the mails should be delivered free there.

Article IX of the Postal Treaty of Berne provides that "Neither the sender nor the addressee of letters and other postal packets shall be called upon to pay, either in the Country of Origin, or in that of Destination, any tax or duty other than the recognised rates levied (in the case of paid correspondence) by the despatching Office. It is hoped that any extra charge, or apparently extra charge, will at once be brought to the notice of the proper authorities, in either Colony.

The above does not apply in any to loose letters sent outside the mails. These will always be charged on arrival in Hongkong and probably the Manila Office will adopt the same course.

Complaints are sometimes received of extra charges on correspondence exchanged between this Colony and Saigon, but it is believed it would be found in all cases that the letters, &c., had been sent loose.

Any foreign stamps on loose correspondence are obliterated in this Office.

Indian Correspondence.

Unpaid Letters are not received for the Indian Mail Packets.

The Pre-payment of correspondence for the Straits, India, Ceylon, and Aden is compulsory by whatever opportunity it is forwarded.

Registration to Bangkok.

Her Britannic Majesty's Consul General for Siam has been good enough to make arrangements by means of which correspondence can be Registered to Bangkok, at the usual charge of 5 cents.

Soldiers' and Sailors' Letters.

Privates in H. M. Army or Navy, Non-commissioned Officers, Army Schoolmasters (not superintending or First Class) or Schoolmistresses may send half-ounce letters to the United Kingdom via Southampton

* But not Warrent Officers, viz., Assistant Engineer, Gunner, Boatwain, or Carpenter.

by British Packet, for one penny; or via Brindisi by British Packet for three-pence. Hongkong stamps will prepay this class of correspondence exactly the same as Imperial Stamps.

Soldiers' and Sailors' letters are, however, charged as ordinary letters if they do not conform to the following regulations:—

1. Not to exceed half an ounce. No double letters are allowed.

2. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full on the letter, and the commanding Officer must sign his name, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

3. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

Mails for the United Kingdom, &c. by French Packet.

Under instructions from the London Post Office, the Mails for the United Kingdom which have hitherto been forwarded via Marseilles, will henceforth be forwarded via Naples, as it is understood that a gain of twelve hours results from the adoption of this route.

As it would be extremely inconvenient to divide the mail, and no practical advantage would result from doing so, all correspondence intended for the United Kingdom by French Packet will be sent via Naples, even though marked via Marseilles.

An impression appears to prevail that correspondence for the Mediterranean stations, Gibraltar, Malta, Cyprus, the Levant, Turkey, &c., can be forwarded only by British Packet. It can be forwarded also by French Packet, and if so forwarded generally arrives a week earlier than if it had been detained for the British Mail.

The Post Office is not, by law, responsible for any loss or inconvenience which may arise from the non-delivery, mis-delivery, or mis-direction of any letter, book, or other postal packet (even if the packet be registered) nor is the Post Office responsible for any injury which a packet may sustain during its transmission.

To guard against such injury all postal packets which are likely to suffer from stamping or from great pressure should be placed in strong covers, and even with this precaution no fragile article should be sent through the Post. It should be remembered that every packet has to be handled several times; that it is exposed to considerable pressure and friction in the mail bag; and that, whenever the bag has in the course of its transmission to be transferred by means of the railway apparatus, the risk of injury is much increased.

No information can be given respecting letters which pass through a Post Office except to the persons to whom they are addressed; and in no other way is official information of a private character allowed to be made public. A Postmaster may, however, give an address if he has no reason to believe that the person whose address it is would disapprove of his doing so.

Postmasters are not allowed to return any letter or other packet to the writer or sender, or to any one else, or to delay forwarding it to its destination according to the address, even though a request to such effect be written thereon.

Postmasters are not bound to give change, nor are they authorised to demand change; and when money is paid at a Post Office, whether as change or otherwise, no question as to its right amount, goodness, or weight can be entertained after it has been removed from the counter.

Postmasters are not bound to weigh any letters or other packets for the public, but they may do so if their duty be not thereby impeded.

The practice of sealing letters passing to and from the East and West Indies, and other countries with hot climates, with wax (except such as is specially prepared), is attended with much inconvenience, and frequently with serious injury, not only to the letters so sealed but to the other letters in the mail, from the melting of the wax and adhesion of the letters to each other. The public are therefore recommended, in all such cases, to use either waxes or gum, and to advise their correspondents in the countries referred to, to do the same.

The registration of a packet makes its transmission much more secure, inasmuch as, under ordinary circumstances, a registered packet can be traced through its whole course; and thus the loss of a registered packet is a very rare occurrence. Nevertheless large sums of money or other articles of great value should not be sent through the post, even if the packet be registered; as the machinery of the Department is not arranged with a view to such transmission.

By law, the Post Office is not responsible for the safe delivery of registered packets; though any officer who may neglect his duty on this point will be called to strict account. Sent in unregistered letters, valuable articles are exposed to risk, and offer a temptation which ought not to be created; and the Department cannot in any way undertake the safe conveyance of such packets. All inland or colonial letters, therefore, which contain coins, and all inland letters which contain watches or jewellery, even though they be posted without registration, are treated as registered, and charged on delivery with a double registration fee of eightpence in addition to the ordinary postage; and any such letters which cannot be registered in time to be forwarded by the Mail for the next despatch, even if the letter do not contain any article of intrinsic value, it should, if it be very important, be registered.

Most countries to which Hongkong forwards Correspondence having joined the General Postal Union or being probably about to do so, it is necessary that the following rules be strictly observed.

1. No Letter or Packet, whether to be registered or unregistered, can be received for Postage if it contains gold or silver money, jewels, precious articles, or anything that, as a general rule, is liable to Customs duties.

2. This Regulation prohibits the sending of Patterns of dutiable articles, unless the quantity sent be so small as to make the sample of no value.

3. The limits of weight allowed are as follows:—
Books and Papers to British Offices, 5 lbs.; to the Continent, &c., 4 lbs.
Patterns to British Offices, 5 lbs. if without intrinsic value; to the Continent, &c., 6 oz.

PARCELS.—The public is reminded that, there is no such thing as Parcel Post to Europe, &c. Much trouble and disappointment is caused by persistent attempts to send small valuable trifles through the Post. Fane, Curios, Articles of Dress, Fancy Work, and similar presents are continually being refused, the senders having often spent more in Postage than would have paid the freight by a steamer. No refund can be made on such parcels of the value of Stamps obliterated before the nature of the contents was discovered.

PATTERNS.—Some difficulty is experienced in obtaining a general understanding of what is a Pattern. It is a bona fide sample of goods which the sender has for sale, or of goods which he wishes to order, or it is to consist of the smallest possible quantity compatible with showing what the goods are, and must have no intrinsic value.

To provide means of remitting small sums of money to or from this Colony and between the Ports of China and Japan, the Postmasters and Agents of this Office will in future be allowed (but not required) to purchase Hongkong Postage Stamps from foreign residents.

Between Hongkong and Shanghai, or Hongkong and Yokohama, however, in either direction, Money-Orders must be used.

The Stamps tendered for sale must not exceed \$50 in value, must be perfectly clean, in good condition, and in strips of at least two, as no separate Stamps will be purchased. They must be presented personally or accompanied by a note.

Indemnity for the Loss of a Registered Letter

The following Regulations as to the Indemnity to be paid in certain cases on the loss of registered correspondence have been made by His Excellency the Governor under Ordinance 10 of 1876, Section XII.

The Post Office is not legally responsible for the safe delivery of Registered correspondence, but hereafter it will be required to make good the loss of such correspondence lost while passing through the Post, to the extent of \$10, in certain cases, provided:—

1. That the sender duly observed all the conditions of Registration required.

2. That the letter was securely enclosed in reasonably strong envelope.

3. That application was made to the Postmaster General of Hongkong immediately the loss was discovered, the envelope being invariably forwarded with such application unless it also is lost.

4. That the Postmaster General is satisfied that the loss occurred whilst the correspondence was in the custody of the British Postal Administration in China, that it was not caused by any fault on the part of the sender, by destruction by fire, or shipwreck, nor by the dishonesty or negligence of any person not in the employment of the Hongkong Post Office.

5. No compensation can be paid for mere damage to fragile articles such as portraits, watches, handomely bound books, &c., which reach their destination, although in a broken or deteriorated condition.

Money Order Regulations.

1.—Money Orders on the United Kingdom and the Straits Settlements are issued at Hongkong, Shanghai and Yokohama. Shanghai and Yokohama also issue on Hongkong and vice versa.

2.—Small sums may be remitted between the other Ports by means of Postage Stamps.

3.—Many Money Orders are supplied to residents at the smaller Ports in this way. An application for an order is filled up, and is enclosed with a stamped, directed, and unsealed envelope to the Postmaster at the nearest issuing office. The application must be accompanied with the full amount of exchange (including commission) in cheques, postage stamps, or other equivalent of cash, and a little margin should be left for variations of exchange. The Postmaster issues the order, sends it on in the envelope, and returns the change, if any, by first opportunity, with a receipt for the letter, if the letter is registered, as it always should be. Care should be taken to send these applications in time, as the Money Order Offices close some hours before the departure of the mails.

4.—No order must exceed £10, or include any fraction of a penny. Orders will be drawn at the current rate of the day and paid at the rate of the day when the advice arrived.

The commission is as follows:—
Orders on the United Kingdom,
Up to £2.....18 cents.
" £2.....36 "
" £2.....64 "
" £10.....72 "

Local Money Orders (including Straits Settlements).
Up to \$25.....15 cents.
" 50.....30 "

5.—Lists of Money Order Offices in the United Kingdom may be consulted at Hongkong, Shanghai, and Yokohama.

6.—Names must be given in full (except when there is more than one Christian name) but the name of the Payee need not be given if the order be crossed (as cheques are crossed). It can then be paid only through a Bank, and may afterwards be specially crossed to any Bank.

7.—No order can be paid till the Payee have signed it in the proper place. An order can be transferred to another office on payment of an additional commission. In case of loss of an order, necessity for stopping payment, or the like, application should be made to the nearest Money Order Office for instructions.

8.—If the order be not presented within six months an additional commission will be charged; if not within twelve months, the money will be forfeited. When the order is once paid no further claim can be entertained.

9.—No order can be paid until the advice relative to it has been received.

* Made out on a printed form which is supplied gratis.

+ Local Orders on Shanghai are drawn at 2 per cent. premium in all cases. A fixed dollar rate for drawing on the United Kingdom is in force at Shanghai.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Unclaimed Correspondence.

May 2, 1879.

Letters, Pp. 1 regd. Super, G. 1
Alert, H. D. 1 Lemmink, S. A. 1

Letters, Pp.	Letters, Pp.
Amable Ins. 2	Keyser, Y. 1
Office 2	Liddell, Lt. 1
Anderson, 1	H. A. 1
Thos., Eng- 1	Lobo, Conceição 1
gineer 1	Long Sing & Co. 2
Arias, Aurelio de 1	Lopez, Maria 1
Atack Myan 1	regd. Loring, Col. H.S. 1
Ayonchoyo 1	regd. Lowe, S. S. 1
Ayong, Mr 1	MacCarthy, Dr. C. 2
Ayoon 1	regd. Macdonald, Capt. 1
Benitez, Julio L. 1	Madge, T. 1
Benton, C. J. 1	Marques, Har- 1
Blyth, Messrs. D. 1	menegolo 1
Boyle, Capt. 1	Marsson, Capt. 1
Briga, Joaquim 1	McLachlan, Mrs. 1
Souza de 1	McLachlan, Thomas 1
Bright, Mrs. S. 2	Micheli, Sigr. A. 1
Brooke, J. H. 2	Y. C. L. Moner. 1
Brown, T. 1	Kruves, George 1
Brown, T. & 1	Barlow, Rev. J. 1
Brown, T. & 1	Brother 1
Brown, T. & 1	Kurphy, Rev. 1
Cabelland, 1	Murray, John 1
Richmond 1	Newton, G. B. 1
Campbell, An- 1	Ottosen, J. W. 1
gustus A. 1	Penman, H. Jno. 1
Carvalho, Adol- 1	Perru Connel, del.

Merchant Vessels in Hongkong Harbour.

Exclusive of late Arrivals and Departures reported to-day.

To facilitate finding the position of any vessel in the Harbour, the Anchorage is divided into eight Sections, commencing at Green Island. Vessels near the Hongkong shore are marked h., near the Kowloon shore k., and those in the body of the Shipping or midway between each shore are marked c., in conjunction with the figures denoting the sections.

Section.
1. From Green Island to the Gas Works.
2. From Gas Works to the Novelty Iron Works.
3. From Novelty Iron Works to the Harbour Master's Office.
4. From Harbour Master's Office to the P. and O. Co.'s Office.

Section.
5. From P. and O. Co.'s Office to Peddar's Wharf.
6. From Peddar's Wharf to the Naval Yard.
7. From Naval Yard to the Pier.
8. From Pier to East Point.

Vessel's Name.	Section.	Captain.	Flag and Rig.	Tons.	Date of Arrival.	Consignees or Agents.	Destination.	Remarks.
Steamers								
Adria	2	Stewart	Brit. str.	1224	April 28	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Saloon	5th inst.
Agamemnon	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Ajax	2	Kidd	Brit. str.	1524	May 1	Butterfield & Swire	Bangkok	
Bellona	2	Ahrens	Ger. str.	789	April 27	Siemssen & Co.	Amoy	at daylight
Bombay	2	Wobb	Brit. str.	749	Feb. 12	Kwok Acheong	Shanghai	5th, 2 p.m.
Cheong Hook Kian	2	Ackermann	Ger. str.	956	Mar. 14	Bun Bin Chan	Bangkok	6th inst.
City of Santiago	2	Peters	Brit. str.	1291	May 1	Adamson, Bell & Co.	Shanghai	Tug Plying
Danube	2	Clanchy	Brit. str.	561	April 28	Yuen Fat Hong	Shanghai	To-day
Fame	2	Stopani	Brit. str.	117	.....	H.K. & W'poo Dock Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Fuyow	2	Crood	Chi. str.	920	May 2	C. M. S. N. Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Glenartney	2	Auld	Brit. str.	1370	May 2	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Yokohama	7th inst.
Glenfalloch	2	Taylor	Brit. str.	1386	May 3	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Yokohama	7th inst.
Glenorchy	2	Hogg	Brit. str.	1775	April 25	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Tamsui, &c.	To-day
Gordon Castle	2	Waring	Brit. str.	1312	May 2	Adamson, Bell & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Hailong	2	Goodie	Brit. str.	274	April 30	Douglas Laprak & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Leyte	2	Woolf	Span. str.	312	April 8	Russell & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Lombardy	2	Hall	Brit. str.	1729	May 8	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Malacca	2	Smith	Brit. str.	1709	April 18	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Mariveles	2	Munoz	Span. str.	425	Mar. 27	Remedios & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Monarch	2	Stockdale	Brit. str.	1821	May 2	Douglas Laprak & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Namoa	2	Westoby	Brit. str.	862	May 2	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Normanby	2	Ellis	Brit. str.	694	April 28	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Oceanic	2	Metcalfe	Ger. str.	3707	April 29	Landstern & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Olympia	2	Johnson	Brit. str.	1201	May 1	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Radnorshire	2	Thomson	Brit. str.	1201	May 1	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Sea Gull	2	Rogers	Amer. str.	48	Mar. 24	China Traders' Insurance Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Sunda	2	Nisbet	Brit. str.	1261	May 2	Adamson, Bell & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Tavlot	2	Lamont	Brit. str.	820	May 1	Chinese	Shanghai	To-day
Thales	2	Araguren	Span. str.	651	April 28	Remedios & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Zamboanga	2	Heuer	Brit. str.	.....	.....	Russell & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Zephyr	2	Heuer	Brit. str.	.....	.....	Russell & Co.	Shanghai	To-day
Sailing Vessels								
Abbie N. Franklin	1	Howes	Amer. bge.	460	Mar. 6	Captain	Australia	put back
Aleppo	1	Falconer	Brit. bge.	665	April 27	Borneo Co., Limited	Australia	put back
Alexa	1	Robb	Brit. bge.	424	April 20	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Australia	put back
Anna Bertha	1	Krauss	Ger. bge.	478	May 3	Siemssen & Co.	Manila	put back
Annie W. Weston	1	Winstor	Amer. bge.	740	April 23	Order	Manila	put back
Bua Pan	1	Möller	Span. sh.	574	April 26	Kin Tye Loong	Manila	put back
Canador	1	Orbeta	Span. bg.	214	April 27	Remedios & Co.	Manila	put back
Clurum	1	Beagle	Brit. str.	1886	April 24	Vogel & Co.	Manila	put back
Coeran	1	Brochurst	Amer. coh.	144	April 11	W. H. Ray	Manila	put back
Edith	1	Manson	Amer. sh.	1173	April 30	Vogel & Co.	Manila	put back
Edward May	1	Johnson	Amer. bge.	928	April 8	Russell & Co.	Manila	put back
Faugh Balaugh	1	Ritte	Ger. bge.	240	April 26	Carlowitz & Co.	Manila	put back
Florence Nightingale	1	McIntyre	Brit. bge.	404	April 26	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.	Manila	put back
Gertrude	1	Prance	Brit. bge.	483	April 18	Carlowitz & Co.	Manila	put back
Geoline Brome	1	Trumbach	Ger. bge.	402	April 16	Wielor & Co.	Manila	put back
Golden Plover	1	Wiltshire	Brit. bge.	898	Mar. 10	Gilman & Co.	Manila	put back
Golden Rule	1	Lewis	Amer. sh.	1196	Mar. 7	Vogel & Co.	Manila	put back
Hattie E. Tapley	1	Evans	Amer. sh.	946	April 26	Adamson, Bell & Co.	Manila	put back
Haze	1	Evans	Amer. sh.	862	April 18	Vogel & Co.	Manila	put back
Highlander	1	Hutchinson	Amer. sh.	1552	June 19	Vogel & Co.	Manila	put back
Johann Friedrich	1	Kroncke	Ger. bg.	242	April 12	Wielor & Co.	Manila	put back
Malvina	1	Klug	Ger. bge.	479	April 15	Wielor & Co.	Manila	put back
Manuel	1	Equilior	Span. coh.	269	April 23	Remedios & Co.	Manila	put back
Mennon	1	Vass	Amer. sh.	550	April 15	Russell & Co.	Manila	put back
Onida	1	Clyma	Brit. str.	2293	Mar. 15	Russell & Co.	Manila	put back
Orange Grove	1	Longmire	Brit. bge.	385	Mar. 21	Geo. R. Stevens & Co.	Manila	put back
Parallos	1	Schulz	Ger. bge.	842	April 20	Carlowitz & Co.	Manila	put back
Fabris	1	Schulz	Ger. bge.	335	May 1	Siemssen & Co.	Manila	put back
Pheton	1	Schulz	Brit. bge.	476	April 10	Wielor & Co.	Manila	put back
Prima Donna	1	Lunt	Amer. sh.	1450	April 16	Vogel & Co.	Manila	put back
Queen of India	1	Cary	Brit. bge.	890	April 10	Wielor & Co.	Manila	put back
Republic	1	Holmes	Amer. sh.	1361	Mar. 9	Russell & Co.	Manila	put back
Rosebud	1	Collis	Brit. 3m. str.	341	April 20	Order	Manila	put back
Rosini	1	Alber	Ger. bge.	1008	April 20	Messageries Maritimes	Manila	put back
Stracathro	1	Miller	Brit. bge.	1160	Dec. 17	Vogel & Co.	Manila	put back
Sumatra	1	Clough	Amer. sh.	1090	Sept. 5	Russell & Co.	Manila	put back
Talies	1	Steir	Ger. bge.	256	April 20	Eduard Schellhass & Co.	Manila	put back
Taiwan	1	Jessen	Ger. bge.	373	April 28	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.	Manila	put back
Thos. A. Goddard	1	Smith	Amer. bge.	682	Jan. 9	Russell & Co.	Manila	put back
Vesuvius	1	Call	Amer. bge.	813	April 28	Order	Manila	put back
Victory	1	Whiting	Brit. bg.	255	April 27	Eduard Schellhass & Co.	Manila	put back
Zouave	1	Means	Amer. sh.	1202	April 26	Captain	Manila	put back
WHAMPOA								
Friedrich Perthes	1	Walter	Ger. bge.	446	April 24	Siemssen & Co.	Chefoo	
CANTON								
Tung Tung	1	Hawthorne	Chi. str.	314	April 28	C. M. S. N. Co.	Chefoo	

Men-of-war in Hongkong Harbour.

Vessel's Name.	Anchor- age.	Flag.	Class.	Tons.	Guns.	H. P.	Date of Arrival.	Commander.
Ashuelot	6 h	U. S.	corvette	1370	6	700	Feb. 12	Geo. H. Perkins
Cyclop	6 h	German	gunboat	490	6	80	April 22	Von Schuckmann
Fai Hoo	6 c	Chinese	revenue cruiser	.....	.....	.....	April 19	Cooker
Fly	7 h	British	gun vessel	684	4	120	Dec. 21	M. McNeil
Idly	6 h	British	gun vessel	700	3	95	April 9	B. E. Cochrane
Lulse	6 c	German	man-of-war	1600	.....	.....	April 30	Schering
Messene	6 h	British	military hospital	2591	.....	.....	April 28	W. Carey
Moorhen	6 h	British	gunboat	420	4	60	Jan. 8	Lt.-Com. G. A. Grey
Mosquito	6 h	British	gunboat	495	4	50	Jan. 8	Kasama
Nisatin	6 c	Japanese	man-of-war	1280	.....	.....	April 29	Commodore Smith
Victor Emanuel	6 h	British	Commodore's flag-ship	3087	20	.....	.....	.....

HONGKONG, MACAO AND CANTON RIVER STEAMERS.

Name.	Tons.	Captain.	Owners.
Fatchoy	153	Coulson	G. McBain
Inahay	700	Martin	Butterfield and Swire
Kin Shan	457	Benning, T.	H. C. & M. S. boat Co.
Kin Kiang	617	.....	H. C. & M. S. boat Co.
Pienchow	248	Brown	Kwok Acheong
Pienchow	1880	Benning, A.	H. C. & M. S. boat Co.
Sir J. Jeejeebhoy	184	.....	Kwok Acheong
Spark	140	Hoyland	H. C. & M. S. boat Co.
White Cloud	260	Cay	H. C. & M. S. boat Co.
Yotai	160	.....	Kwok Acheong

CHINESE GUN-VESSELS IN CANTON WATERS, &c.

Name.	Tons.	Guns.	H. P.	Commander.
An-lan	221	7	70	J. Godall
Chen-jui	80	3	20	A. Walker
Chen-to	221	7	70	Stewart
Ching-on	120	2	40	Chinese Admiral
Ching-po	160	3	60	.....
Chung-fung	150	2	40	Chun H. Hu
Li-sha	80	4	20	Read
Peng-chou-hai	600	4	120	C. H. Palmer
Quang-on	120	6	40	Li Ping Tye
Shen-shi	180	5	60	H. Wade
Sul-tsing	180	4	60	J. Calder
Tehing-tsing	180	5	60	Bessard
Tsing-po	100	8	40	Ching

FOOCHOW SHIPPING IN PORT.

Vessel's Name.	Section.	Captain.	Flag and Rig.	Tons.	Date of Arrival.	Consignees or Agents.	Destination.	Remarks.
Forward Ho								
Hamburg	2	Stewart	Brit. str.	1224	April 28	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Saloon	5th inst.
Quicksip	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Sheldrake								
Sheldrake	2	Stewart	Brit. str.	1224	April 28	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Saloon	5th inst.
Shipping in Shanghai Harbour.								
April 28, 1879.								
Merchant Sailing Vessels.								
Ajax	2	Stewart	Brit. str.	1224	April 28	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Saloon	5th inst.
Amoy	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Fuyow	2	Stewart	Brit. str.	1224	April 28	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Saloon	5th inst.
Glenartney	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Glenfalloch	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Glenorchy	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Gordon Castle	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Hailong	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Leyte	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Lombardy	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Malacca	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Mariveles	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Monarch	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Namoa	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Normanby	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Oceanic	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Olympia	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Radnorshire	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Sea Gull	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Sunda	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Tavlot	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Thales	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Zamboanga	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight
Zephyr	2	Wilding	Brit. str.	1522	May 3	Butterfield & Swire	London, &c.	at daylight

HONGKONG MARKET PRICES.

Corrected to Saturday, May 3rd, 1879.

At 1100 Cash per Dollar Mexican.

Butcher Meat.		Price.	Chinese Name.
Bacon, English, . . . lb.	450	400	米路烟猪肉
" Amc. Sugar cured, . . .	250	220	花旗烟猪肉
" Foochow, . . .	200	180	福州烟猪肉
Beef, sirloin and prime cut, cy.	170	160	尾龍扒
Beef Corned, . . . catty	140	130	鹹牛肉
" Roast, . . .	150	140	燒牛肉
" Soup, . . .	90	80	湯肉
" Steak, . . .	150	140	牛腦
Bullocks' Brains, . . . per set	50	40	牛腦
" Tongue, fresh, each	300	270	牛脚
" " corned, . . .	300	270	鹹牛脚
" Head, . . .	750	700	牛頭
" Heart, . . .	130	120	牛心
" Hump, Salt . . . catty	130	120	牛心
" Feet, . . . each	50	45	牛脚
" Kidneys, . . .	60	50	牛腰
" Tail, . . .	160	90	牛尾
" Liver, . . . catty	60	70	牛肝
" Tripe (undressed), catty	55	45	牛肚
Calves' Head and Feet, set	600	500	牛仔頭脚
Hams, American, . . . lb.	320	300	花旗火腿
" Chinese, . . .	250	220	金華火腿
" English . . .	380	350	來路火腿
Mutton Chop, . . .	170	160	羊牌骨
" Leg, . . .	170	160	羊腿
" Shoulder, . . .	130	120	羊手
Pigs' Chittlings, . . . catty	70	60	猪臟
" Feet, . . .	110	100	猪脚
" Fry, . . .	120	110	猪雜
" Head, . . .	80	80	猪頭
" Heart, . . . each	60	50	猪心
" Kidneys, . . .	80	80	猪腰
" Liver, . . . lb.	120	110	猪肝
Pork, Chop, . . . catty	160	150	猪牌骨
" Corned, . . .	140	130	鹹猪肉
" Leg, . . .	160	150	猪腿
" Fat or Lard, . . .	120	110	猪油
Sheeps' Head, and Feet, set	450	400	羊頭脚
" Heart, . . . each	50	40	羊心
" Kidneys, . . .	70	60	羊腰
" Liver, . . .	140	130	羊肝
Sucking Pigs, . . .	\$2.25	\$1.50	猪仔
Suet, Beef, . . . lb.	120	—	牛油
" Mutton, . . .	120	110	羊油
Sweet Bread, . . . catty	130	120	牛核
Veal, . . .	140	130	牛仔肉
Poultry.		Price.	Chinese Name.
Capon, . . . catty	220	180	鐵雞
Doves, . . . each	110	100	班鳩
Ducks, . . . catty	110	100	鴨
Eggs, Hen . . . doz.	100	—	雞蛋
Fowls, . . . catty	180	170	雞
Geese, . . .	120	110	鵝
Partridges, . . . each	300	280	鵪鶉
Pigeons, . . . each	140	130	白鴿
Quail, . . .	110	100	白鶉
Rabbits, live, Canton . . .	700	600	省城兔
Snipe, . . . each	110	100	沙鴉
Turkeys, Cock, . . . catty	600	450	火雞公
" Hen, . . .	350	300	火雞母
Fish.		Price.	Chinese Name.
Bombay Ducks, . . . per hundred	220	200	肚魚乾
Bream, . . . catty	100	90	鯽魚
Carp, . . .	80	70	鯉魚
Catfish, . . .	60	50	赤魚
Codfish, Salt, . . .	160	—	鹹鱈魚
Crabs, . . .	80	50	蟹
Cuttle Fish, . . .	80	70	墨魚
Dace, . . .	90	80	黃尾鱗
Dog Fish, . . .	60	50	跌倒沙
Eels, Congor . . .	70	60	海鰻
" Fresh water . . .	110	100	淡水鰻
File Fish, . . .	70	60	剝皮洋魚
Fresh Fish, Large . . .	150	—	大鮮魚
" Small . . .	60	50	鮮魚仔
Garoupa, . . .	160	—	鮮魚
Gudgeon, . . .	100	90	石斑魚
Gurnard, . . .	90	80	紅角魚
Haddock, . . .	100	90	黃花魚
Herrings, fresh . . .	70	60	黃澤
" smoked . . . box	100	—	燻黃澤
King Crab, . . . each	120	110	生龍蝦
Live Fish, . . . catty	120	110	龍蝦
Lobsters, . . .	110	100	龍蝦
Mackerel, . . .	70	60	池魚
Mullet, . . .	110	100	鹹魚
" Red . . .	100	90	鹹魚
Parrot Fish, . . .	120	110	公魚
Perch, . . .	100	90	頭魚
Pike, . . .	130	120	鱸魚
Plaice, . . .	80	70	破遷
Pomfret, White . . .	180	120	白鰻
Pomfret, Black . . .	110	100	黑鰻
Prawns, . . .	130	110	明蝦
Ray, . . .	70	60	石斑
Rock Fish, . . .	60	50	岩狗公
Scallop, . . .	110	100	扇貝